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TWELVE PAGES — TWO RIYALS

Mediators

Lebanese

BEIRUT, Sept. 3 (AP) - Arab mediators,

who are meeting here in an attempt to bring about an end to the six-year-old Lebanese

crisis. Thursday, began consultations with Lebanese officials and party leaders with the

ultimate aim of bringing about a national reconciliation among Lebanon's warring fac-

The foreign ministers of Saudi Arabia,

Kuwait and Syria as well as Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi of Tunisia,

who make up what is known as the Arab Follow-Up Committee on Lebanon, held

their first round of talks at the presidential

palace at Baabda, eight kms east of Beirut.

The meeting was chaired by Lebanese Presi-

dent Elias Sarkis. At the end of the 75-

minute session. Klibi told reporters that contacts with Lebanese party leaders would con-

tinue on an ambassador level and said the

foreign ministers' committee would resume

The lower-level contacts may pave the way

for a promised roundtable conference group-

ing all of Lebanon's factions and parties.

Prince Saud Al-Faisal, and his Kuwaiti counterpart Sheikh Sabah Al-Ahmad arrived in

Beirut Wednesday night after talks with Syrian President Hafez Assad in the Syrian

coastal city of Latakia. Syrian Foreign Minis-

ter Abdul-Halim Khaddam and Klibi arrived

at the hilltop presidential residence Thursday

Ten minutes before the motorcade arrived.

Israeli jets on a reconnaissance flight crashed

the sound barrier over the capital, underscor-

ing the main issue which has proved to be a

stumbling block in the peace talks: the ques-

tion of cooperation between Lebanon's

Christian militia leader Basher Gemayel,

who has moved to fulfill a Syrian prerequisite

for national unity talks by submitting a letter

to Sarkis in which he reportedly vowed to

break ties with the Zionist state, arrived at

Baabda Palace Thursday afternoon and met

with the Kuwaiti and Saudi Arabian ambas-

The Lebanese Front, a political coalition of

Camuse Chambun, wennesna

Christian rightwing parties headed by former

endorsed the Gemayel letter and said it con-

sidered the question of cooperation with

Israel as settled. Klibi said after the commit-

tee's last meeting July 25 that the mediators

had found the document "satisfactory" but

Syria's foreign minister stressed that the

words would have to be put into action before

rightwing Christians and Israel.

its deliberations later.

consult

leaders

#### 1 killed n clashes; Kani team ets okay

FIVE YEARS WARRANTY

OL. VI NO. 280

EHRAN, Sept. 3 (Agencies) — Fierce ting between revolutionary guards and els in central Tehran left 11 persons dead six others injured Thursday as Iran's partent approved a new cabinet for the ence-wracked country.

rime Minister Hojatoleslam Muhammad a Mahdavi Kani, named to replace the 1 Muhammad Javad Babonar, also ned the parliament debate by calling for a e centralized government to restore law order to Iran. Two religious leaders were rted Thursday murdered in the latest of a e of attacks on the regime that has killed than 100 clergymen, revolutionary ds and other supporters of Ayatollah meini since late June. ne newspaper Ettelant reported that

tionary guards laid siege to a hideout of eleft-wing Mujahedeen and exchanged y fire for eight hours overnight in a battle left seven rebels dead and six guardsmen nded. The guardsmen eventually ned the house and found the bodies, as as 60 kg of dynamite, arms and military oment, the newspaper said.

hran radio quoted a spokesman for the utionary guard command as saying the d "team house" was used as a main e for secret meetings by senior leaders of hedeen Khalq to plan the group's bombnd assassination operations. The radio bree Mujahedeen guerrillas, including a in and girl, were arrested after utionary guards established control over mbattled hideout in Kerman Street in Delgosha neighborhood of southern

: broadcast said members of Hezbollah / of God), the unofficial militia of the g Republican Party, tipped off rities recently about the location of the an Street hideout.

its from the Revolutionary Guard cordoned off the neighborhood at 9 local time (1730 GMT) Wednesday and one hour later moved in on the House, whose occupants showed fiate resistance, according to the

unbattle followed through the night 3.m. Tehran time (0239GMT) Thursmning when the hideout was captured te Mujabedeen guerrillas. Maps about ation of revolutionary guard positions mpital were seized from the building,

o Tehran also reported that a ionary guard patrol later clashed with and gun-wielding "terrorists" in a entral Tehran. Three guardsmen and el died in the fighting, the radio said. ust in a report said Hojatoleslam Habibzadeh was attacked by armed Tuesday evening while on his way to a at Rasht, in the north of Iran, the per Ettelaat suid.

speaking in parliament, urged grearalization of powers now split among revolutionary groups, saying the · is necessary to solve Iran's three most problems - security, the war with I the economy. He told Radio Tehran day night that "this government is take more radical measures than the 'to protect its leaders from assassinaluding hearing its intelligence sertready more than 600 regime oppoive gone before firing squads in the

ojatoleslam, formerly interior minisnot escape criticism from some legislators. The new prime minister bringing the 11-month old Gulf war I to a victorious end was a top priority wernment. He told parliament this e achieved by the expulsion of the my from occupied Iranian territory. wernment's escalated crackdown on hedeen Khalq was underscored by a evision announcement Wednesday . 1 46 Mujahedeen had been executed - 39 at Tehran's Evin Prison and the Caspian sea city Mwrasht.

#### bal population lls to 4.49b

D NATIONS, Sept. 3 (AP) isticians issued their latest estimate rki's population here Wednesdaytlion at mid-1981, compared with illion a year earlier. The estimate new issue of The Quarterly Popula -'ital Statistics Report.



CAT NAPPING: All children, this unique group of youngsters comprises of a kid, six lion cubs, and three puppy dogs. Taken at Britain's Southam Zoo, the touching spectale tells its own story of friendship among the young.

Digging shakes Begin cabinet

## Al-Aqsa protest strike total

TEL AVIV, Sept. 3 (Agencies) — Thousands of Palestinians in both the West Bank and Gaza Strip stopped work Thursday to protest Israeli excavations in a tunnel under the Dome of the Rock and the Al-Aqsa Mosques in east Jerusalem, Islam's third holiest site.

The West Bank's general strike paralyzed the entire occupied area. The strike was called by the High Islamic Council of Jerusalem and was totally followed in Nablus, Hebron, Ramallah, Bethlehem and other towns. Students who started their new term three days ago also joined the protest. The first general serve giet. West Poul for all out from

Men enval officials also joined the general work stoppage in Gaza city. The Gaza Strip's other towns also observed the strike. Gaza officials sent letters protesting the dig to United Nations Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim and United States President Ronald Reagan, asking that they put pressure on Israel to save the two mosques.

Sheikh Muhammad Shakra, director of the Al-Aqsa Mosque, said Wednesday that Israel intended to demolish the mosque and replace it with a big Jewish temple".

#### U.S. airline to plead guilty in payoff case

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP) — The McDonnell Douglas Corp. will plead guilty in an overseas bribery case in return for the Justice Department dropping of criminal charges against four of its executives, The Washington Post reported.

The newspaper said the settlement, proposed by the Justice Department, was approved earlier this week by the directors of the aircraft company and will be filed in federal court here within a week. The Post said McDonnell Douglas would pay fines on 10 counts of mail fraud, wire fraud and filing false statements with government agencies. The company also reportedly will pay a \$1.2 million fine to settle a companion civil suit brought by the government.

Two years ago, the company and four of its top executives were accused of making illegal payments to officials in Pakistan and other (Continued on back page)

BP, AGIP

LONDON, Sept. 3 (R) - Two of

Europe's leading oil companies reported a

sharp deterioration in earnings Thursday

and both said the strength of the U.S. dollar

British Petroleum, the world's fifth

largest oil company, said its profits in the

first half of this year fell to \$1.10 billion

from \$1.62 billion in the same period last

year. When inflation was taken into

account, BP lost \$43 million in the first six

months compared to a \$541 million gain

was partly to blame.

#### Israeli police ordered the tunnel closed off after scuffles broke out Tuesday between rabbinical students and Palestinians who had

tried to seal it. The dig has also divided the Jewish community. Many Israeli archeologists. including former Deputy Prime Minister Yigael Yadin, have said the tunnel has no importance. Yadin has also warned the government of the "political consequences" of the exca-

vation." The tunnel was accidentally discovered by workers excavating at the base of the wailing wall and is one of the most venerated Holy places for Mam. Yet the chief rabble of Israel ordered it uncarthed, believing that it might lead to the temple foundation.

Meanwhile, the growing feud between Israeli politicians and Jewish religious leaders over an archeological dig to uncover the "city of King David' flared into a direct clash between partners in Prime Minister Menahem Begin's coalition government.

## fficial denies

TAIF, Sept. 3 (SPA) - An official government spokesman Thursday denied allegations that Israeli Labor opposition party leader Shimon Perez had held talks with a Saudi Arabian personality on the Red Sea.

The Saudi Press agency said the report of the alleged talks was broadcast by Israel radio and reported by the Egyptian Middle East News Agency Wednesday.

SPA quoted the report as claiming that 'Shimon Perez, leader of the Israeli opposition Labor Party had held talks with a Saudi personality to reach a settlement between Saudi Arabia and Israel on the Red Sea but the report did not mention the time of the

The purported report added that "Perez, at a meeting of the Labor Party, declared his refusal of the Saudi Arabian eight-point peace plan but he, Perez, proposed holding negotiations between Saudi Arabia and

SPA quoted an official government spokesman here as saying that Perez statement "is baseless and unfounded."

The spokesman added that the "position of Saudi Arabia over Israel, its occupation of Arab territory and the eviction of the Palestinian people, is known to all, sound and

#### Israeli report

Israel without conditions."

#### die in Colo nbia air crash

BOGOTA, Sept. 3 (Agencies) - A plane chartered by an Exxon Corp. subsidiary, Intercol, crashed Wednesday, killing 20 of the 22 persons aborad, most of them Colombian technicians and engineers. police said. Two survivors were in a serous condition, authorities said. The Venado Airlines plane crashed in

Paipa, 249 kms east of here, police said. The plane had been chartered to fly the employees to Cartegena, near one of the company's offshore drilling platforms in the

lame strong

company AGIP reported a half-year loss of

\$, 103 million against a profit of \$100 mil-

Both companies said the deterioration

was partly due to the surge of the dollar

pushing up the cost of oil they had to buy.

This was despite some falls in exporting

countries' oil prices set in U.S. dollars

because of the world oil glut, BP said the cost of its oil in dollars had fallen slightly in

the second quarter of 1981, but when con-

verted into other currencies, this cost had

risen substantially. The dollar has leapt 20

percent against leading currencies so far this

lion in the whole of 1980.

Caribbean Sea. Police said the plane apparently had mechanical problems soon after it left Paipa. Last week, 48 persons died in Caqueta, south of Bogota, when a plane crashed into a mountain.

Civil aeronautics officials said the Brazilian-made plane had left Bogota's Eldorado airport at 15:00 GMT and had stopped at Paipa to pick up 17 employees of Intercol. The officials said the plane crashed one minute after taking off from Paipa.

Because of slack demand in its sales mar-

kets. BP had not been able to fully recover

these increase costs. Its second quarter pro-

fit was \$370 million, only about half its first

quarter figure. Refining operations

throughout Europe have been in deep

slump, with prices of many products well

below the cost of producing them. BP said

its sales of oil products, such as furnace oils,

had slumped nine percent because of low

The chemical market was also stagnant,

although BPs sales tonnages had risen

slightly because customers had finished

#### Typhoon Agnes lashes Japan

As 30,000 S. Koreans are homeless

#### TOKYO, Sept. 3 (Agencies) — Typhoon Agnes bore down on Japan Thursday night after killing dozens of people in China and South Korea, and making nearly 30,000 South Koreans homeless.

The major southern island of Kyashyuwn where landslides occurred, was the first part of Japan to be hit but no casualties were immediately reported, police said.

Hundreds of sea and air services were canceled as Agnes crossed the Straits of Tsushima between South Korea and Japan,

the meteorological agency said. Earlier Thursday, a strong earthquake roused cent. and northern Japan, the second in 24 hcurs, but no casualties or damage

were immediately reported. The meteorological agency said the quake

measured 6.6 on the open-ended Richter Scale and affected a wide area including

Wednesday's quake, which also shook the densely-popolated industrial areas of central

#### Japan registered about six on the Richter

Scale, the agency said.
In Seoul, South Korean officials said floods and landslides caused by typhoon Agnes killed at least 27 persons, injured 15 and left 14 missing. Property worth \$8 million was dam-

Agnes hit China's east coast around Shanghai where officials said 14 persons were feared dead and 20 were injured.

The official New China News Agency quoted local officials as saying nearly 300 fishing boats capsized, sea valls collapsed or were breached in 200 places, and rice and cotton fields were inundated with sea water.

More than 100,000 troops and civilians were called out to watch the banks of the Huangpu River in Shanghai when it threatened to overflow after reaching its highest level for 30 years.

Japanese authorities issued a tidal wave warning on the Pacific coast of Hokkaido Island following a moderate earthquake Thursday afternoon that jolted Hokkaido and northern Japan.

#### Khaled hosts lunch for Sheikh Hamad

Al-Khalifa, Bahrain's heir apparent and commander-in-chief of the defense forces, who conveyed to him the greeting of Ruler Sheikh ibn Salman Al-Khalifa. Sheikh Hamad said that the visit was part of a regular process of consultation and coordination which had become a tradition between the two countries. He said that the causeway built with Saudi Arabian help symbolized the indissoluble bonds of friendship.

At noon, King Khaled entertained his guest at lunch. The banquet was attended by Second Deputy Premier and Commander of the National Guard Prince Abdullah; and Defense and Aviation Minister Prince Sul-

Meanwhile, King Khaled Thursday cabled his congratulations to Qatari Ruler Sheikh Khalif ibn Hamad Al-Thani, on that country's national day.

using up unwanted stocks. Both BP and

AGIP said they had taken action to cut

costs. AGIP, which said it expected to break

even or only have a small loss over the full

year, has phased out high-price supplies

from Libya and contracted to buy more

BP has also cut purchases of high-priced

oil and said it had reduced its oil stocks by

36 million barrels to save money. The com-

pany said trading conditions were improv-

ing with cuts in crude prices easing the

squeeze in Europe. It also boosted explora-

tion and production in the first half of 1981.

doubling capital spending to \$2.29 billion.

cheap oil.

#### national reconciliation was possible. A further embarrassment for the Christians was the declaration by an Israeli Foreign Ministry spokesman Thursday who said in Tel Aviv there was "no change in our policy" regarding support for the Christians but he added it was expected that the Christians would reduce the visibility of ties. Israel has TAIF, Sept. 3 (SPA) — King Khaled Thursday received Sheikh Hamad ibn Issa provided the rightist forces with military equipment and training as well as some technicians. The "collaboration issue" has been a sore

point for Syria which maintains a 22.000strong peacekeeping force in Lebanon under an Arab League mandate to police an armistice between Maronite Christians and a coalition of Palestinians and nationalist Lebanese Muslims the main antagonists in the 1975-76

For their part, the Christians have pushed for expansion of the peacekeeping forces to include troops from other countries — and do to set a time limit on the presence of Syrian

Syria has insisted on guarantees to shore up the pledge of noncooperation with Israel and proposed to the committee that an Arab committee be set to supervise private ports along the Mediterranean coast controlled by the Christian militias to guarantee a freeze on arms shipments.

Informed sources said the rightist Lebanese front had agreed in principle to allow a joint Arab observer team to supervise cargo movement but insisted that the communitee be "supervisory one only" and that it also monitor ports controlled by nationalists and

#### France's jobless hit 1.83m mark

PARIS, Sept. 3 (AFP) - There were 1.834 million people without work in France in August on a seasonally adjusted basis, a fall of 0.8 percent on July. Labor Minister Jean Auroux told a parliamentary social affairs committee here Thursday, reliable

## Meanwhile in Milan, the Italian state oil

NOS AIRES, Sept. 3 (AFP) are seeking an estimated 7,500 Faustino Correa who died last

the rich landowner, who died in thout any direct beise less than billion. vill which kild down that his wealth Not be shared out amongst the

descendants of his eight brothers until the fourth generation. Dr. Hector Manuel Lema, the Buenos Aires lawyer responsible for finding heirs in Argentina, noted: "We bave already reached the seventh generation and not a single heir has received one centissiomo."

Strangely enough, advertisements published in the press here Monday have not caused a flood of callers and letters from

alleged heirs. Only a few of them have gone to his office. But according to Dr. Lema. there must be an estimated 7,500 heirs scattered about in five south American countries - Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Para-

guay and Uruguay. Advertisements about the extraordinary inheritance were published in the national newspapers of all live countries simultaneously Monday.

Dr. Lema explained: "There must be hundreds of heirs of Correa in the world whose names are Garcia, Martinez or

Gomez who just do not know that there is a share of \$6,000 million for them." He and his colleagues in La Paz. Rio De Janeiro, Asuncion and Paraguay will have to turn over details of claimants to genealogists who will then have to hunt back into the family history of D.F. Correa to check identities. This process could take several years. Correa was an Argentinian who emigrated to Brazil about 1850. Toward the end of his life, he owned vast tracts of land in northern Argentine and southern Brazil. including 80 percent of the State of Rio

Grande. For according to Dr. Lema: "We calculate that the inheritance totals well over \$6.000 million because the heirs, once they

have established their claims, can demand from respective state and central governments compensation for buildings they have built on Correa land in the past 100 years or

Dr. Lema does not think that he and his colleagues will be able to compile a list of possible claimants until next March or April at the earliest. Is there anybody called Corres reading this ...?

## Students to see film of ill-fated building

Express flights

being canceled

RIYADH, Sept. 3-Saudia, the national

air carrier, will cancel its express flights bet-

ween Riyadh, Jeddah and Dhahran as of

Sept. 15, Al-Riyadh reported Thursday. Instead, an exchange of 40 lines have been

installed for reservation and reconfirmation.

according to Ibrahim Abdullah Al-

Dughayther, Saudia's district manager for

Riyadh, is dial 4772222 or 4774444 between

8 a.m. and 2 p.m. Any seat will automatically

be canceled by the computer if a passenger fails to reconfirm by telephone. People can

book their seats one week, one month or even

several month in advance, Dughayther said.

He also said that Saudia was still studying the

viability of operating direct flight to Manila.

Department to launch

motorcycle campaign

JEDDAH, Sept. 3 - The Traffic Depart-

ment will organize a campaign to make sure

that motorcycle drivers abide by the rules. It

was found that 90 % of deaths of motorcycles accidents occur for lack to wear

In a statement to Ai -Bilad Thursday Mai.

Ghazi Hamzah, commander of the Northern

Zone, said that motorcycles will be regularly

stopped to check whether their drivers have

driving and motorcycle licenses. He added

that the campaign will also include pick-up

cars and any vehicle whose body has been hit

the beimet.

or damaged.

All that the passengers will have to do,

reportedly

JEDDAH, Sept. 3 — Jeddah Mayor Muhammad Said Farsi has chaired a meeting of the Supreme Coordination Committee attended by the director of the Water and Sewage Department, the mayors of branch municipalities and the municipality staff.

He called on the Environmental Health Department to redouble its efforts as the pilgrimage season draws near.

The committee was shown a film in color about the 12-story building that collapsed here near Ruwaise, off Medina road, recently. Ruwais Mayor Tareq Abdul Badie said that the technical committee probing the causes of the accident found that the cloumns of the floors had not been connected together and that the concrete used in the construction had not been tested. The material used is now being analyzed.

Mayor Faresi called for a meeting at King Abdul Aziz University here during which the film would be screened so that municipal workers, students and university professors may benefit from the experience. The film would be followed by a discussion about the reasons that led to the collapse.

The committee noted that new buildings in Jeddah were ugly. Mayor Faresi asked the branch mayors do not let landlords use any colors that are not harmonious. The landlords must use white colors and be constantly in touch with the municipality, Faresi said.

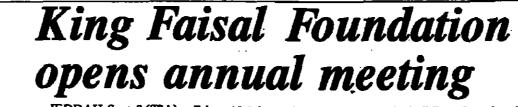
He also underlined the importance of close cooperation between the municipality and the Water and Sewage Department and recommended that the heads of branch municipalities contact the department direc-

tor whenever any problem arises. Mayor Faresi again called for more maintenance to the city's gardens which must be fenced to protect them against stray animals. He said that new streets also have to have their share of trees. As for the Corniche area, which is particularly crowded duringholidays, Mayor Faresi asked that public conveniences be urgently built. He said that the municipal staff should start selecting loca-

#### Ahsa to have 9,000 telephone lines

AHSA, Sept. 3 (SPA) - Ahsa Governor Prince Muhammad ibn Fahd Al-Jiluwi, will open next month a new 9,000 automatic telephone exchange at Hufuf. Several telephones are being installed in the area and subscribers were given numbers.

A spokesman for Saudi Telephones said that a provisional telephone center will be set up off Rivadh road until the premises approved by the Ministry of Posts, Telegraph and Telephones this year has been built.



JEDDAH, Sept. 3 (SPA) -- Prince Abdullah Al-Faisal, president of the board of trustees of King Faisal Philanthropic Foundation. chaired here Thursday evening the annual meeting of the foundation's general assem-

The meeting dealt with the closing accounts of 1980, provisional estimates for the first nine months of 1981, and budget estimates for 1982. The preliminary budget for 1981 totals SR321 million.

SR10.5 million have been allocated for charity projects; SR1 million for scholarships; and SR40 million for long-term welfare projects, such as real estate projects

(SR1 million) and the building of a cultural center comprising a mosque and international archives; a research center and a commemorative museum on the works of King

The foundation also set up a fund for ten scholarships to be granted to Muslims in the fields of technology, sciences, economics and management as of this year. Morevoer, ten percent of the budget for the welfare projects and programs have been earmarked for cancer treatment.

King Faisal Philanthropic Foundation spent SR24,709.000 on welfare activities since it was establised in 1976.

#### Kuwaiti officials visit port

JEDDAH, Sept. 3 — A visiting delegation from Kuwaiti customs has expressed admiration for the flexibility, accuracy and expediency of the Saudi Customs Authority, Okaz reported Thursday. The delegation met Wednesday with Mansour Abdul Ghaffar, director general of Jeddah Islamic Port's cus-

The delegation visited the port, its security

department and the Quality Control Laboratory. The Customs Department gave a luncheon in honor of the delegation which arrived in Riyadh a few days ago and conferred with Sheikh Hamad Ibrahim Al-Rashudi, the director general of customs and other senior officials. While in Riyadh, it also visited Riyadh International Airport's customs.

iolators fined, sent to jail Muhammad Abdullah (Yemen); Muncef Khan (Pakistan); Abdullah Hassan (Yemen); Aitha Said (Tanzania); Mussa M'Bodo (Chad); Ahmad Naji (Yemen); Muhammad Abdul Karim (Sudan);

JEDDAH, Sept. 3 -- The Interior Ministry has arrested a number of foreigners on account of falsification and bribery. It issued separate statements for each one of them and publicized them in the local press. They were fined SR1,000 to SR5,000 and received bet-Muhammad Ahmad Issa (Chad); Issa Sherif ween one to three years of prison. The con-(Somalia); Muhammad Ali Muhammad victs will also be deported after serving the (Somalia); Shakin Ahmad (Pakistan); sentence and banned from re-entering Saudi Anwar Gonda (Egypt); Muhammad Mahdi Saleh (Yemen); Nur Wali Qul Khan (Pakis-

The culprits were Ali Muhammad Saleh (Yemen); Muhammad Ahmad Mahmoud (Yemen); Adam Jumaa (Chad); Burma Muhammad (Sudan); Othman Al-Haj (Chad); Adam Abdul Nabi (Chad);

VIOLATORS : From Top left, Muh

Ali Muhammad, Nour Wali Kel, Muha

Hassan, Muhammad Abdul Karim







tan); Muhammad Assaad Abdullah (Egypt);

Muhammad Yunous (Pakistan); Bir

Muhammad Hussein (Pakistan); and several



#### BRIEFS

JEDDAH, Sept. 3 - Prince Turki ibn Abdul Aziz Wednesday received a message from Indian Prime Minister Mrs. Indira Gandhi. The message was conveyed by a special envoy in presence of the Indian ambassador to Saudi Arabia and the embassy staff, it was reported Thursday.

JEDDAH, Sept. 3 — Makkah Governor Prince Majed ibn Abdul Aziz was due to return here Thursday from a vacation in Europe. He will resume work on Saturday, according to Okaz.

JIZAN, Sept. 3 — The new 55-kilometer Ayban/Al-Daer road was opened in this area Wednesday to link the eastern mountain villages to the coast of Jizan. The road was built with equipment belonging to the Communications Ministry. A large number of officials and local residents attended the inauguration of the new road.

JEDDAH, Sept. 3 — Arrangements have been made to award a SR 40 million to a. national firm to set up a bridge here that will link the Corniche to the city center, Al Bilad reported Thursday. The allocated amount for the Youth Welfare Bridge is part of Jeddah municipality's project budget. It will start, from the Youth Welfare Presidency (near Caravan center) and end at Buhairatul Arbaeen (Lake 40).

JEDDAH, Sept. 3 - A delegation of Japanese deputies arrived here Thursday on a short visit to Saudi Arabia. The delegation comprises members of the ruling Democratic Party. It will visit Dhahran to see oil leading installations at Ras Tannura and Al-Khafji as well as Aramco facilities. According to Al Biled, a special program for the Japanese guests has been prepared by Khidr Harazallah, oil undersecretary for accounting.

JEDDAH, Sept. 3 — The staff of Jeddah Telephones fell victim to a computer error last week, as it happens every now and then to subscribers, Okaz reported Thursday. A zero added by the "generous computer" to their salary sheet caused a mixed feeling of jubilation and disappointment. He who takes SR3,000 per month, found that his salary had jumped to SR30,000 and he who takes SR6,000 was this time entitled to SR60,000,

ISLAMABAD, Sept. 3 (SPA) — A spokesman for the Pakistani Ministry of Religious Affairs denied Wednesday that Pakistani pilgrims would be allowed to travel to the holy places this year with their ordinary international passports. He affirmed that Pakistani pilgrims will bear a special Hajj travel document. He said however that those granted the privilege to go to Saudi Arabia

with their international passports are Pakistanis working abroad.

RIYADH, Sept. 3 - The board of Imam Muhammad ibn Saud Islamic University has granted 250 scholarships to nationals of various Islamic countries, Al-Riyadh reported Thursday. The registerar, Sheikh Khaled ibn Abdul Rahman Al-Ujaimi, said that preparations were underway to bring the students to, Saudi Arabia.

JEDDAH, Sept. 3 — The warehouses committee of Makkah's Chamber of Commerce and Industry is holding meetings on the allocation of warehouses for Makkah merchants, Arab News learnt Thursday. The meetings are attended by representatives of Jeddah ports directorate. A set of resolutions will be issued shortly.

#### INTER GULF RECRUITMENT SERVICES OR Head Office FO Bak a Affectable March

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INTER GULF RECRUPTMENT SERVIC

# 7 week in



COVER:

In a variety of fields, Saudi Arabia has carved a name for itself. Its carpets are very much in demand in Western markets. Ahmad Shabaan probes on page 20 the carpet industry's past and spreads out a detailed account of its development and achievement.



**TOURISM TAKES OFF:** 

The government has determined to transform the Asir region into one of the best tourist resorts in the Gulf. Ahmad Kamal Khusro visits one such resort and files a report.



**RAIL LINK:** 

The Dammam-Riyadh link, the largest project being implemented by the Saudi Government Railroad Organization during the third five-year plan, is put into effect by awarding the middle section contract to a Pakistani firm. Scott Pendleton takes a look at the railway development in the Kingdom.

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and you'll feel that you are reading a prestigious magazine published in London, Paris or New York. Don't forget you have an appointment with Saudi Business every Saturday.

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Sansui's Super Compo stereo system has micro-computer memories to make music listening unforgettable. Stereo is now simpler and more fun.

Just push buttons and you've programmed any seven selections on a record in any order you like. Wonderful conveniences of the FM/AM tuner include Digital Quartz-PLL Synthesizer tuning and pushbutton selection of any 6 FM and any 6 AM pre-set stations.

Microcomputer delights of the cassette deck are full-logic and Automatic Music Program Search. Wireless remote control is a nice option, and so is the versatile Graphic Equalizer/Reverb/ Mixer Consolette.

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## Iranian parliament okays Kani cabinet

nian parliament Thursday approved the 22-man cabinet proposed by the new Prime Vinister Hojatolesiam Muhammad Reza Mahdavi Kani. The parliament approved the rabinet list by 170 to four in an open vote, with four blank ballots. Nine MPs present did not participate in the vote.

The 50-year-old Kani retained all 20 ninisters of his predecessor Hojatoleslam Muhammad Bahonar, who was burned to leath with President Muhammad Ali Rajai y an incendiary bomb at the prime ministry n Tehran last Sunday.

The Parliament spokesman said the two lewcomers were former Tehran Mayor Camaleddin Nik-Ravesh, who succeeded Cani as interior minister, and Muhammad ladi-Nejad, minister of roads and construc-

> Before the vote, members rejected a call by cani to confirm his cabinet without debate. I ask you to vote immediately without

#### Pakistan builds navy with alien aid, India says

NEW DELHI, Sept. 3 (AFP) - India is ware that Pakistan is increasing its naval trength with the help of some other foreign ountries, junior Defense Minister Shivraj 'atil said Thursday in suswer to a parliamen-

ary question. He said India was keeping a constant watch n the situation and taking all necessary steps o protect its security and integrity. He did ot name the countries assisting Pakistan. unswering a separate question, Patil said ndia was also aware of the bases of big powrs and the presence of their ships in the ndian Ocean. He, however, declined to give letails saying that it would not be in the sublic interest to do so.

Kani said after a short speech. But his request was met with laughter, and discussion began immediately.

The new prime minister himself was confirmed without debate Wednesday. But Aug. 17 parliament discussed the last cabinet, submitted by the late Prime Minister Bahonar, for several hours.

Ten speakers, five in favor of the cabinet list and five opposed, were given ten minutes each to address the parliament. Two of the first three criticized Kani's record as interior minister, a post he took in February 1980. They also condemned his chosen successor. Tehran Mayor Kamal Eddin Nikravech.

As the debate opened, Ayatollah Muhammad Sadughi, prosecutor in Iran's revolutionary courts, was quoted as saying Iran would lose all "people of worth" within a few months, unless more effective security measures were taken.

Meanwhile, attackers killed a cleric who represented Ayatollah Khomeini in the Caspian port f Bandar Antali, while he was asleep, bithe dislamic Republic newspaper reported Thursday. The attackers, "counterrevolutionary elements," threw grenades into the home of Hojatoleslam Morteza Khodadi, the newspaper said, adding that "He fell as a martyr in his bed."

The paper said Khodadi's wife had a leg amoutated after the attack. His son suffered

slight injuries, it added. In an interview published in the Danish daily Politiken, ousted president Bani-Sadr said the death of Ayatollah Khomeini could lead to a bloody war which will spell the end

In an interview to An Nahar of Beirut, exiled Iranian leader Masoud Rajavi insisted Thursday, that he recently met Hami Al-Hassan, a senior member of Palestine Liberation Organization. The PLO has implicitly denied that Rajavi met Hassan, a former PLO representative in Tehran and a close aide of Arafat. It said Hassan had been in Romania.

#### Export privileges denied

#### U.S. blocks plane sale to Libya

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP) - The U.S. Commerce Department has denied export privileges to a man and two companies suspected by U.S. officials of trying to sell American-made aircraft to Libya outside legal channels, officials said Wed-

A department press release said the rul-ing was issued by hearing commissioner Bertram Kreedman.

"Freedman said that a department investigation leads him to believe that the three parties have engaged in a scheme to procure the aircraft in a manner contrary to United States export control restrictions applicable to the export to Libya of U.S.-origin aircraft valued in excess of \$3 million," the release said.

ded that "the department has been investigating for several months a largescale and worldwide effort by Libya to procure U.S.-origin aircraft and related spare

Officials were not immediately available for comment on possible uses — whether

military or otherwise - of the aircraft in

The release did not say that commerce department administers a law "restricting exports when necessary for national security, foreign policy or domestic short-supply reasons." The release said export privileges are being denied to MuhammadAli Hijazi, president of United African Airlines, the company which has addresses in Tripoli, as well as in Luxembourg and Malta, and Greenline Aviation of Luxem-

The order "prohibits other firms from dealing in any export transactions with the denied parties without prior commerce department authorization," the release said. Relations between Libya and the United States, strained for some time, became worse recently after U.S. Navy jet fighters shot down two Libyan planes Aug. 19 over the Gulf of Sidra off the Libyan coast. U.S. officials say the American fighter pilots fired in self-defense.

#### Egyptian opposition leaders held

CAIRO, Sept. 3 (Agencies) - Egyptian slice Wednesday night arrested several uslim and Christian extremists believed to : responsible for religious violence that kild 14 persons and injured 54 in June in the aweya el Hamra section of the capital, the terior ministry announced.

The communique announcing the arrests d not say how many arrests were made. It id that the persons arrested had "exploited eligion and endangered the country's secrity" and that they were "allied in this goal ith elements hostile to the regime in

Spokesmen for Egypt's socialist Labor arry (SLP) and the leftwing Unionist Progssive Party (UPP) said those detained cluded leading members of the two parties. mong them were the SLP's deputy chairan Helmi Murad, a former education minis-\_\_\_\_\_r, Hamed Zidan, editor of the SLP newssper Al Shaab and Hussein Abdul Razak. ader of the UPP news sheet, the spokesmen

A statement from the interior ministry said ill details of the arrests would be disosed by resident Anwar Sadat in a major speech turday. According to his aides, the presient is to announce measures to curb secrian strife following the clashes. He has cald a special session of parliament Saturday outline his plan to curb some religious oups.

According to aides, the president has been working on the measures all week after studying internal security reports. He has summoned Egypt's provincial governors and religious leaders to hear his speech, which will be made to a special combined session of parliament and the Shura (advisory) council. Khaled Mohieddin, leader of the UPP, told reporters: "Sadat is trying to cover up the sectarian strife by blaming it on the (opposition) parties. We all know that the strife is for reasons unconnected with the political par-

According to lists issued by the UPP and SLP, those detained included editors of the two parties' newspapers and the editorial staff of Al -Dawa, the monthly magazine Aia is the mouthpiece of the Muslim Brotherhood. In recent weeks, the government has confiscated issues of Al -Daawa and the SLP paper Al -Shaab. The Al -Dagwa offices were shut Thursday and callers were told that police had instructed everyone to go home.

No Brotherhood spokesman or represenrative of the fundamentalist societies was available for comment. In a rare interview earlier this week, Telmessani denied that the Brotherhood advocated violence. Telmessani, who spent 10 years in prison during the rule of former President Nasser, told Reuters his movement was attracting increasing sup-port. "I am afraid of nobody, only God," he

NEWINGTON, New Hampshire. (AP) e last four of 14 Israel-bound F-16 jet thters left Pease Air Force Base Thursday, base spokesman said.

AMMAN. (R) - West Germany will prode Jordan with experts to advise on ilministrative procedures and coordinate tivities with foreign organizations, the est Germany embassy announced Thurs-Ly. It said in a press release that under notes hanged here, the experts would be



P.O. Box: 2838, Jeddah Tel: (02) 682-38-45/46 Tix: 403146 1DCJED SJ. assigned to a number of departments and institutions. The embassy did not say how many experts would be sent to Jordan or when they would arrive.

BEIRUT, (R) — The newspaper Al-Liwa said Thursday that China had recently supplied the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) with an unspecified quantity of medium and heavy weapons, ammunition and other military equipment. This followed high-level military contacts between Peking

NDJAMENA, (AFP) - A crowd estimated to number 100,000 people watched the execution here this week of two Chad soldiers condemned to death by a courtmartial for murder, it was reported Wednes-

VIENNA, (R) - The secretary general of the Arab League, Chedli Khibi, has sent Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kreisky a telegram deploring last Saturday's attack on Vieona's main synagogue. The message also expressed the league's sympathy for the families of the two Jews killed.

#### Court stays execution of Ziaur killers

bench in Dacca Thursday issued an interim order for temporary stay of the executions of the 12 army officers who were sentenced to death by a general court martial last month for the mutiny and killing of President Ziaur Rahman May 30

The two-member court of judges on prayer from the families of the convicted officers ranging from brigadier to lieutenant issued the order to withhold the execution till hearing of the writ petitions by the court is complete. The court met briefly to hear the petitions and issued the adinterim orders before adjourning the session till Thursday afternoon.

Earlier press reports said the acting President Justice Abdus Sattar who is also commander-in-chief of the armed forces had rejected the mercy pleas made by the families of the condemned officers. This implied that unless last-minute legal complications arose, the 12 would hanged within a week from last Monday when the rejection was reportedly conveyed to their

However, nothing has been said officially so far about the rejection of mercy petitions or hanging. Meanwhile, informed sources Thursday denied reports in a section of foreign news media that the death sentences had been carried out against the condemned officers who were among 31 armed personnel tried by a seven-member court martial in July last. The sources who preferred to remain unidentified however did not give any other details.

## W. diplomats discount threat by Col. Qaddafi

TRIPOLI, Sept. 3 (AP).— Veteran Western diplomats here said Wednesday they doubt that Libyan leader Col. Muammar Qaddafi would carry out his threat to retaliate by attacking U.S. nuclear arms bases if America violates Libyan waters.

Three top-ranking envoys said in interviews that they view seriously Qaddafi's call for Libya to ally itself formally with the Soviet bloc, but that such an alliance might take a long time to be put in effect. If Qaddafi does make a pact with Moscow, then Libya would give the Soviet their first military bases in the Mediterranean, the diplomats said.

Qaddafi said in a speech Tuesday that Libya would retaliate against U.S. nuclear arms depots in the countries of the Mediterranean if American planes or ships again enter Gulf of Sidra off the Libyan coast, U.S. Navy jets shot down two Libyan fighters over the gulf 50 miles from the Libyan coast Aug. 15. Libya claims territorial rights over the entire Gulf, including waters 100 miles from shore, whereas the United States recognizes a traditional three-mile area.

No matter how small Libya is, it can deliver several effective strikes against U.S. aircraft carriers and bases in Europe, causing a calamity." Qaddafi said. He specifically warned Italy. Greece, and Turkey that they were in danger of Libyan attacks against U.S. nuclear arms bases there.

In Rome, the Italian government Wednesday reacted with "astonishment" to Qaddafi's remarks. Foreign Minister Emilio Colombo, attending a Christian Democrat meeting in Trento, told reporters that the foreign ministry had summoned Libyan diplomats to explain Qaddafi's remarks. Officials at the office of Premier Giovanni Spadolini said they were shocked by Qaddafi's threat to bomb U.S. facilities. "This is not the way these years." commented one official.

The Western envoys in Tripoli, who all asked not to be named, stressed that Qaddafi often talks extemporaneously and his words should not necessarily be taken literally.

Another diplomat agreed with his colleague's assessment, but added: "I know this is an optimistic reading of the speech. On the face of it, there isn't any avoiding that he (Qaddafi) menaced practically everybody. A third diplomat also said he doubted Qaddafi would actually launch an attack against U.S. bases. He noted that Qaddafi chose to make a hypothetical threat against the United States than taking direct action by halting Libyan oil sales to the United States or retaliating against 2.000 Americans living in

He suggested that Qaddafi made the threat in part to convince West Europeans that there is a genuine danger of war in the Mediterranean, and thus encourage them to pressure the Reagan administration to soften its policies toward Libya.

#### Cholera epidemic over, Jordan says

AMMAN, Sept. 3 (AP) - The cholera epidemic which struck Jordan this summer is over. Health Minister Dr. Zuhair Malhas declared Thursday. He said the country's last reported case of cholera was 10 days ago.

In the past two months, 1,500 suspected cases of cholera were reported and 908 persons were treated for the disease. Malhas said. Six of the victims died. The health minister said Jordan was able to bring the epidemic under control with the help of experts from the World Health Organization and Arab

#### U.S. Sinai unit to be based at Sharm El Sheik

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (AP) — The 800-man U.S. infantry battalion which will serve with multinational force in the Sinai desert will be stationed at a base near Sharm El Sheik at the upper end of the Red Sea, it was disclosed Wednesday.

The United States will contribute a total of about 1.100 troops and civilian observers to the 2,500-man international force which. will patrol the Egyptian border in the vast Sinal desert. The U.S. Army engineers have awarded a \$32 million contract to build two base camps for the multinational force, one near Sharm El Sheik at the southern tip of the Sinai peninsula and the other one in the north near the Eitam Air Base. Two light infantry battalions from other countries, a logistics support unit and an observer group, will operate from the northern base.

Fiji. Uruguay and Colombia have also agreed to provide troops for the force. Army engineer officials have estimated that the base camps and their facilities will cost between \$50 million and \$100 million with the United States paying about 60 percent of the cost and Egypt and Israel dividing the remaining expense equally.

Military officials said a U.S. infantry battalion will spend about six months in the Sinai and then be replaced by another battalion on a rotational basis. The first U.S. unit to be assigned has not yet been named.

Army engineer officials said the construction project will include barracks, headquarters, buildings, messing facilities and other structures, at the two bases. A coastal patrol boat also will be stationed at the southern base near Sharm El Sheik. Pentagon officials said they did not yet know whether that boat will be manned by

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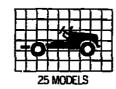
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IN CLIMATES

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## J.S., Soviets hold arms control talks

WASHINGTON. Sept. 3 (Agencies) esident Ronald Reagan's arms control ief, Eugene Rostow, has held his first meet-, with a Soviet expert on the subject, a cussion which both sides felt went well, the S. government has said.

The meeting dealt with verification and is held in Washington on Aug. 21. It was ended as a move toward U.S.-Soviet gotiations on nuclear arms control, which ve been in limbo since the United States iled to ratify a treaty negotiated by the ministration of former President Jimmy

The talks focused on ways to verify future issile sites, a prime concern to Reagan-Iministration arms control officials, the ate Department said, Wednesday. But ate Department spokesman Dean Fischer enied to reporters a New York Times report at Rostow told the Soviets that any future ms control accords would have to include a-site inspection.

This proposal had never been accepted by te Soviet Union in the past. "The issue of n-site inspection did not come up in that iscussion." Fischer said.

Fischer said that discussions dealt with varsus cooperative measures on arms control erification. A spokesman for the Arms Conol and Disarmament Agency said both sides elieve the meeting went well. He said arther meetings were expected.

d'affaires Aleksander Bessertnykh, was said to have told the Americans he would be seeking further instructions from Moscow. The administration has concentrated heavily on the verification issue as a key part of any future arms control treaty to replace the moribund SALT II pact negotiated by the Carter administration.

Roston told a Senate hearing in July: "Given the importance of verification for the viability of arms control across the board Soviet willingness to consider cooperative measures to improve the verifiability of specific limitations may be a litmus test of their commitment to serious limitations." But Roston did not call for on-site inspection of Soviet missile locations.

Meanwhile, American intelligence experts believe, the Russians will continue to increase military spending although it is harming their economy, according to testimony made public Wednesday.

The testimony by top officials of the U.S. Defense Intelligence Agency, released by a congressional committee, also indicated that Soviet oil production is increasing. Sen. William Proximire, chairman of the Subcommittee on Trade of the joint Economic Committee, said the information contradicts earlier predictions that the Soviets were in danger of running out of oil.

#### Chinese warn on relations

#### Carter agrees on neutron

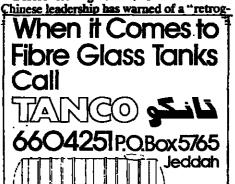
OSAKA, Japan, Sept. 3 (AP) — Former S. President Jimmy Carter said Thursday e did "not disagree" with the decision of his accessor, Ronald Reagan, to deploy the eutron warhead.

At an airport news conference after arrivng from China, Carter indicated that leagan's decision to deploy the weapon was he right one because "I recognized as presilent that the Soviet Union was increasing its hreat both in strategic and short-range nucear weapons."

During his term in office, Carter held up leployment of the neutron warhead. He said hat three countries including the United States and the Soviet Union have developed the weapon, but did not name the third coun-

Carter said it was his "deepest commitment as president" to reduce the threat of nuclear weapons." But he said he saw the attempt to slow down the arms race as a "fruitless search" after the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan and Moscow's "encouragement of Vietnam's invasion of Kampuchea (Cambodia)."

Before leaving China, Carter said the



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ression" in Sino-United States relations if the issue of Taipei was not "handled properly." A U.S. source quoted Carter as telling a press conference in Shanghai Thursday: "I have been surprised and impressed at the vehe-mence with which they (Chinese leaders) put this issue forward to me.

These words contrast markedly with statements made by Carter last Friday prior to his departure from Peking indicating that he had "not detected among Chinese leaders any quandary about the U.S. President Ronald Reagan policy." During his stay in Peking, the former U.S. president, who played a key role in the 1979 Sino-American normalization accord, met China's top leaders, including senior Communist Party strong man Deng Xiaoping, party Chairman Hu Yaobang and Premier Zhao Ziyang.

"All the Chinese officials made very clear to me their very deep concern about the issue." Carter was quoted as saying. "If the normalization is not honored, then there might be retrogression in the relationship,"

Carter refrained from criticizing the policy of his successor in the White House, saying he planned to submit a "definitive and constructive report" on his trip to President Reagan.

The issue of U.S. arms sales to Taipei is one of the main bones of contention between China and the Reagan administration at the moment. Peking accuses Washington of failing to honor the normalization accord which terminated official relations between the United States and Taipei.

Carter related during the press conference a small incident which took place in Shanghai Wednesday. He said a young Chinese man had surged from the crowd to hand him a letter protesting shortcomings in the city's health care service but was immediately seized and taken away by police. THAMA THAT THE Protection of the second seco

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## Team brings back safe from Andrea Doria

#### 'Enormous hole caused sinking'

MONTAUK, New York, Sept. 3 (R) An Ameican expediton which explored the sunken wreck of the Italian luxury liner Andrea Doria: has returned with a new theory on the disaster in which 51 persons

The divers found an enormous hole on one side of the ship which they think explains why it went down so quickly after it was in collision with the Swedish liner Stoc kholm 25 years ago. They believe this discounts claims that the ship sank because crew members failed to secure one of its watertight doors.

"The hole in the generating room was so large that it wouldn't have mattered how many doors were opened or closed," an expedition spokesman said. "The water was coming in form the sea, not from another compartment.

The expedition also brought back Wednesday one of the 12 safes on board the 29,000-ton Andrea Doria when it sank off the coast of Nantucket. The unopened safe was taken to a New York city aquarium where it was to be immersed in a shark tank for security. It will remain there until expedition leader Peter Gimbel opens it during a live television documentary on his monthlong expedition.

The team hinted that the wreck has a curse on it. Peter Gimbel said that recuperation of the ship's two safes - which reportedly contain sone million in cash and jewels - had been complicated by a



SALVAGED SAFE: As a member of the New York State Police stand guard, right members of the media crowd around to photograph the safe salvaged from the sunken Andrea Doria as it arrived in a water-filled box in Montauk, New York, Wednesday. The safe was part of the treasure recovered by an expedition headed by Peter Gimbel.

"malevolent spirit" that surrounded the

Gimbel and other divers from his group were able to raise only one of the safes from the Andrea Do.ia. Gimbel's wife, Filmmaker Elga Andersen, filmed the expedition for a television documentary that will

be shown this winter. The safe will be opened in front of TV cameras at the end of

There is a strong possiblity that the Gimbel team has returned empty-handed as only one of the two safes was raised.

LONDON (AFP) - Police have recovered a small Rembrandt painting that was stolen from a London art museum last month. The work by the 17th century Dutch master, a small portrait on wood, was officially valued at 200,000 pounds (\$400,000), but experts said it could bring in one million pounds (\$2 million) if sold at auction.

LONDON (AFP) — The Duke of Edinburgh will visit Singapore from Oct. 2 to 4. and preside at International Equestrian Federation meetings. Buckingham Palace said Thursday.

NEW DELHI (AP) - Prime Minister Indira Gandhi of India will leave Sept. 23 on a 16-day tour of Southeast Asia, the Pacific and Australia, the government announced Wednesday. The 63-year-old Indian leader is scheduled first to visit Jakarta, where she will hold talks with Indonesian President Suharto before departing for Fiji Sept. 25.

WARSAW (AP) - Tadeusz Baird, one of Poland's most highly regarded composers of contemporary symphonic chamber music is dead at 53, the Polish news agency PAP reported Thursday. The agency said Baird died Wednesday and death came "suddenly". Baird died nearly on the eve of the opening of the 25th annual Warsaw autumn celebration, a festival of contemporary music which he founded.

NAIROBI (AP) — Mbiyu Koinange, one of Kenya's founding fathers and for nearly two decades one of the most powerful men in the country, died here Wednesday night. Koinange had a lifelong friendship with Kenya's first president. Jomo Kenyatta, and both pioneered the country's struggle for independence from the British.

MOSCOW (R) — Soviet officials seized six Western books at the start of a week-long international book fair here Wednesday. exhibitors said. The books, confiscated during a tour of stands by customs fficers before the official opening, had been put on display by U.S. and West German publishers, they

#### Ten top pop

#### Pointer Sisters retain second spot

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (AP) — Diana. Ross-Lionel Richie duet magic kept their "Endless Love" at the top of the pop singles records charts in the United States for the fourth week in a row Wednesday.

It was week No. 3 for "Slow Hand" by the

Pointer Sisters in second slot in the Cash Box magazine chart. Juice Newton hopped up two spaces to third with her "Queen of Hearts." Last week's No. 3 hit, Joey Scarbury's

Theme from The Greatest American Hero," " slipped to fourth. New to the ten top pop list was Ronnie Milsap's "No Gettin" Over Me." up from 12th to 10th but in the No. 1 position in the country and western charts for the past three weeks. Another newcomer to the pop chart was

"Who's Crying Now" by Journey, up from 11th to 9th. In the country and western scene, Milsap's "No Gettin' over Me" stayed on for a third week in a row at top of the Cash Box magazine chart. "Miracles" by Don Williams was second, and "Don't Wait on Me" by the Statler Brothers was third.

The ten top pop singles, as rated by cash box, with last week's positions in brackets: 1. (1) Endless Love — Diana Ross and Lionel Richie.

(2) Slow Hand — Pointer Sisters 3. (5) Queen of Hearts - Juice Newton.

4. (3) Theme from "The Greatest American Hero" - Joey Scarbury.

5. (4) Jessie's Girl — Rick Springfield. 6. (9) Urgent — Foreigner.
7. (10) Stop Draggin' My Heart Around —
Stevie Nicks with Tom Petty and the Heart-

8. (8) Lady You Bring Me Up — Commo-

9.(11) Who's Crying Now — Journey. 10. (12) No Gettin' over Me — Ronnie

The ten top country-western singles, as

rated by Cash Box, with last week's positions in brackets: 1. (1) No Gettin' Over Me - Ronnie Mil-

sap.
2. (5) Miracles — Don Williams.

3. (4) Don't Wait on Me - Statler Bothers. 4. (7) Tight Fittin' Jeans - Conway 5. (8) Older Women - Ronnie McDowell.

6. (6) It's Now or Never - John Schneider. 7. (9) You don't Know Me - Mickey Gil-8. (10) Party Time - T.G. Sheppard.

9. (12) Some Days are Diamonds - John Denver.

10. (11) A Texas State of Mind — David Frizzell and Shelly West.

In Britain, it was all change once more at the top of the British singles chart this week as yet another disc took over the No. 1 spot. After only one week in the top ten, the unknown British duo Soft Cell rocketed to the top with "Tainted Love." a futurist semi-electronic version of a song written in 1975 by Gloria Jones.

This week's top ten as listed by Melody

Maker with last week's placings in brackets: 1. (4) Tainted Love — Soft Cell.

2. (1) Japanese Boy — Aneka. 3. (5) Hold on Tight - Electric Light

4. (2) Love Action — Human League. 5. (9) One in Ten — UB 40.

6. (21) She's Got Claws - Gary Numan.

7. (14) Abacab — Genesis.

8. (3) Hooked on Classics - Royal Philhamionic Orchestra.

9. (6) Firls on Film - Duran Duran. 10. (8) aribbean Disco - Lobo.

## Russian held for CIA spying

MOSCOW, Sept. 3 (R) - Soviet counterespionage agents have arrested a Russian and accused him of spying for the United States Central Intelligence Agency (CIA), the government newspaper Izvestia reported

A brief official announcement named the man as E. A. Kapustin and said he worked at a Moscow factory until he was arrested by the Committee of State Security (KGB). The report said the KGB seized from him espionage plans, ciphers, instructions for maintaining undercover contacts and other materials and documents related to the spying activities of CIA agents in the U.S. Embassy here.

Izvestia 's announcement, headlined "At the Committee of State Security" was tucked at the bottom of the back page. A U.S. Embassy spokesman said he had not seen the Izvestia report and indicated there would no official comment on it.

#### Medical notes of top people dumped wrongly

LONDON, Sept. 3 (AP) - Medical records of thousands of top people in Britain and other countries were found on a garbage dump by a schoolboy, police said Thursday, The records were wrongly dumped from a fashionable London clinic when they should have been burned, according to a doctor.

They included reports on the Duchesses of Kent and Gloucester, Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's husband, Denis, former Premier Edward Heath, ballet dancer Rudolf Nureyev, television personality David Frost and former Miss World Helen Morgan.

The Daily Star newspaper said the records weighing half-a-ton (500 kilos) were found Tuesday in cardboard boxes on the dump at Sywery, a village in Leicestershire, 160 kms north of London. After 14-year-old Greg Hudson reported finding the records while helping his father at the dump, police said they removed them to Oakham Police Station 8 kms away.

#### Carter nephew pleads guilty

OROVILLE, California, Sept. 3 (AP) -Former U.S. President Jimmy Carter's nephew, William Carter Spann, pleaded guilty to an attempted burglary charge Wednesday in Butte County superior court. Spann, who was paroled from prison in

December 1979 after serving three years for robbing two San Francisco bars, was charged = with trying to break into a home last July 5. A firearms possession charge was dropped.

Spann was arrested with his wife, Susan, in their car in a Chico, California, residential neighborhood where police were investigating a report that a man cut himself while trying to break into a house. Officers said Spann's hand was bleeding but he was not seriously hurt, Spann, son of Jimmy Carter's sister, Gloria

Carter Spann, was ordered held without bail. Superior court Judge .Lucien Vandegrift set sentencing for Sept. 25.

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NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (WP) - For as ng as people have enjoyed watching hers run, the mile has been the favorite ent. Sprints end too quickly; longer dis-nce races become boring. The mile, four nes around a standard track, is a happy

edium.

When the International Amateur Athleas Federation went metric a few years ago, se mile was excepted. That distance is mething special. And never has it been as secial as this month, graced as it has been v the incredible exploits of Sebastian Coe nd Steve Ovett.

Until the two Englishmen embarked on ieir awesome August, only One man, under Hagg, had regained the world mile cord after losing it. Now within 10 days, or has accomplished the feat twice. Ovett

Since American Norman Taber estabshed a clear-cut standard in 1915 by setng the professional and amateur records. ie mile record never had been broken aree times in one year. There were only aree years in which it was broken twice. During 10 days in August, Coe has been med in 3:48.53, despite the disadvantage competing at altitude in Zurich; Ovett is run 3:48.40, in a spur-of-the-moment tempt against a weak field at Koblenz, 'est Germany, and Coe has taken it to 47.33 in the aptly named Golden Mile at russels, the goal from season's start of all e top milers except Ovett, who chose to

It took the 1980 Olympics to get rivals oe and Overt on the same track at the me time and the results were inconclue. Ovett won Coe's 800-meter speciality id Coe gained revenge on Ovett in the 500. They never have faced each other at e classic mile distance, which Coe, who efers shorter events, has run infrequently. re is the world record holder at 800 and 000 meters. Ovett at 1,500.

The only rivalry approaching theirs in ick and field history was the competition tween Hagg and Swedish compatriot

Coe, Ovett still covet the mile mark

world records during the early 1940s, when most of the world was at war. Three of those five races were head to head. Hagg lowering the record to 4:01.3 in 1945.

Track fans dreamed of a four-minute mile; Hagg and Andersson promised to go after it. Then they were ignominiously bounced from competition for accepting payment for services rendered.

With Hagg and Andersson banned, the four-minute barrier proved too tough, more so mentally than physically. It was nine years, the longest gap between record races, before Roger Bannister would use a lowkey race on an out-of-the-way track at Oxford to break through in 1954.

Once one man broke the barrier, the world was at his heels. John Landy took off another 1 1/2 seconds six weeks later.

It took 39 years, from Taber to Bannister, for the record to be reduced by 13 seconds. Twenty-seven years later. Coe reduced it an additional 12-plus seconds.

With sports medicine and research contiming to make athletes stronger and better, times will get faster. A 3:45 mile could happen any day; 3:40 will be here before the end of the century; 3:30 will be accomp-lished while many of us are still around to discuss it.

How long Coe and Ovett will dominate is questionable. Coe. 24, and Ovett, 25, would seem to be approaching their peaks. But track and field is in the middle of a revolution, with open competition apparently near.

Running for money means running to win, as spectators at the ill-fated pro meets in the 1970s discovered while watching ho-hum, four-minute-plus tactical miles. Of course, it is already obvious that Coe, repa resented by Mark McCormack, is not running for his health. The London Daily Mail reported that a McCormack hireling had

The smashing ten days that set spectators agog



RECORD-BREAKERS: Sebastian Coe (left) and Steve Ovett waiting to receive the medals they won during the Moscow Olympics.

demanded more than \$18,000 in appearance money before Coe would run in Brus-

Perhaps a glimpse into the future will be provided in New York Sept. 26, if the Fifth

Avenue Mile goes on despite IAAF disapproval. Running on the straightaway figures to chop considerable time off the norm, and Ovett has announced his intention to compete in that one

other into the ground, neither is lacking competition. Slightly more than six years ago, nobody had ever run a 3:51.0 mile. On July 11 in Oslo, seven men bettered that time. The sub-3:50 includes New Zealander John Walker, American Steve Scott, Kenyan Mike Boit and Spaniard Jose-Luis

[ هیکنامن برحول

A few years ago, a poll of track experts rated Herb Elliott the greatest miler of all time. Elliott never lost a mile or 1,500meter race from the time he entered serious training at age 16 until he retired at 22.

A similar poll today might have Coe at the top. But even Coe realizes the hazards created by so many record-breaking races. Sports crowds are getting more and more sophisticated all the time. People want style and entertainment and I think in athletics there is more and more clamor for world records," Coe told one magazine.

"I think the clutch of world records that British athletes have broken over the past few years has possibly done athletics a little bit of a disservice. The crowd expects it every time an athlete steps out onto the track. I think that unless they see a record broken of some description, then a lot of the crowd go home feeling they have been cheated."

But the amazing part is, there's always someone missing when Coe or Ovett sets a world record in the mile - the other guy. Their last confrontation was at the Moscow Olympics. Before that, their only other known meeting was at the European Championships in 1978 in the 800. Neither of them won. Olaf Beyer of East Germany was first with Ovett second and Coe third.

"I think Coe is very willing to meet Ovett, but Ovett is bodging Coe," said Steve Scott, holder of the American record in the mile and 1,500 meters. "Coe is very confident but Overt isn't. He is so afraid of losing.

Losing a race would be the end for him that's what he thinks.

"The whole idea of competitive athletics is to learn how to win and lose. And Ovett hasn't learned how to lose. Last July in Oslo (where Coe set a 1.000 meter record and Ovett won the mile). Coe said he would be in Brussels Aug. 28, but Ovett found

reasons to get out of the race." Ovett has said that he wants his first mile meeting with Coe to be on British soil. Apparently the only thing the Britishers

have in common is their immense talent. Ovett is reclusive and shuns interviews. Coe is more accessible and is comfortable in

crowds. Coe, stands 5 foot 91/2 and weighs 129 pounds. Ovett, is 6 foot even and 154 pounds. They have different training philosophies — Coe emphasizing speed and

Ovett more into strength workouts. Coe, who's trained by his father, Pete Coe, lives in Sheffield, England, a busy industrial city. He calls himself "thin but

Ovett has a professional coach, but his mother. Gay, who owns a cafe in Brighton, a seaside resort south of Sheffield, is his manager, secretary and protector.

Scott said that Coe and Ovett in the company of athletes are just like anyone else. "They go out with the guys and eat and drink beer." Scott said. "They're both likable." Although they seldom if ever socialize, friends say they aren't enemies.

"There is no feud," says Chris Brasher, a former British Olympic gold medal winner in the steeplechase and now a track and field writer. "It's just a rivalry. It's natural to try to prove you're the fastest in the world and try to beat the other's record."

They'll probably meet in the mile someday, but three is, perhaps, more publicity value now to the phantom rivalry.

After all, a series of races between Coe and Ovett would likely determine one as No. 1 and the other as No. 2. Now they share center stage in the track and field

Little -known Gitlin stretches Vilas

#### 3 org, Tanner breeze into 2nd round Being Seeded No. 1 or No. 2 "doesn't make any difference," Borg said. "Those two

ded Bjorn Borg and ninth-seeded Roscoe aner breezed to first-round victories in the 5. Open Tennis Championships Wedneswhile Argentina's Guillermo Vilas, ded sixth, struggled before downing e-known Drew Gitlin at the National

nnis Center in Flushing Meadow. Borg needed only one hour, 15 minute, to sh Marcus Gunthardt of Switzerland 6-2. , 6-0, while Tanner took one minutes less dispose of Craig Edwards 6-3, 6-3, 6-4. /ilas, who won the U.S. Open in 1977 en it was played on clay, fought off a ermined hid by Gitlin, 6-3, 6-7, 6-0, 6-4. hris Evert-Lloyd, top-seeded in the men's singles, was scheduled to begin her est for her sixth title in seven years Wed-

lorg, who never has won America's prer tennis event, had no problems with nthardt, a member of the Swiss Davis Cup m. The Swedish right-hander rode seven s and his usual assortment of impeccable undstrokes to victory.

the is feeling less pressure now.

I felt pressure before because I won the nch (Open) and Wimbledon and I was ng for the grand slam," he said. "I feel er mentally this year."

#### players won't face each other until the final anyway." Borg lost his serve only once - in the fourth game of the second set. But he never was close to being in trouble. Tanner was simply too good for Edwards. who advanced into the main draw by winning three qualifying rounds. The hard-serving Tanner fired seven aces and won numerous points on service winners. Vilas, on the other hand, struggled against

the offensive-minded Gitlin. The two traded service breaks in the match's first four games before the clay court specialist captured the Moving to the net at every chance, Gitlin

captured the second-set tiebreaker 7-3 and

fought to deuce numerous times as Vilas

swept the final two sets to advance to the second round In what possibly was the youngest match ever staged at the U.S. Open, 16-year-old Kathy Horvath topped [4-year-old Kathy

Rinaldi, the youngest player ever to turn pro. 7-5, 3-6, 7-5, Seventh-seeded Gene Mayer advanced with a 6-4, 6-2, 6-2 victory over John Hayes, 17-year-old Jimoy Arias stopped Syd Ball of Australia 6-1, 7-6, 6-2, and Mark Vines ousted Russell Simpson of New Zealand 6-3.

In women's play, no. 11 Barbara Potter eliminated West Germany's Claudia Kohdz 6-7, 6-1, 6-2, Virginia Wade of Great Britain defeated Pam Teeguarden 6-3, 6-7, 6-2, and No. 14 Kathy Jordan downed Elizabeth Little of Australia 6-0, 6-1. Mel Purcell discovered Wednesday that

past his prime, can be a hard day's work. Purcell needed 2 hours, 40 minutes to outlast Nastase 3-6, 6-3, 6-4, 3-6, 6-3.

it took me a while to settle down." Nastase did some of his customary clown-

ing during the match - drapping himself over the net after one of his shots barely trickled over, doing the job of the ball boys when they were late chasing down a ball. chatting with anyone within earshot on or off the court.

The crowd loved it and cheered him on, but Purcell didn't let that bother him.

cell, "That's just New York fans. They never root for U.S. players. Never - they root for (Bjorn) Borg against (John) McEnroe. You

ted several costly double ! faults in the final



#### Yamashita dazzles

MAASTRICHT, Netherlands, Sept. 3 (AFP) — Defending heavyweight champion Yasuhiro Yamashita of Japan was ferocious and overwhiming on his way to the finals at the World Judo Championships here Thurs-

The 24-year old who won a record fifth consecutive all-Japan championship this year, took four straight matches here. Each on a nippon. His winning times were 19 seconds, 1:14 minutes, 1:20 minutes and 15 sec-

## Miller helps Braves put it across Phillies

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (AP) - Eddie Miller singled home the tying run, stole second and third base and scored the winning run on Jerry Royster's sacrifice fly in the bottom of the ninth inning to give the Atlanta Braves a 3-2 victory over the Philadelphia Phillies Wednesday night.

Glenn Hubbard started the winning rally with a triple off Warren Brusstar, 0-1, and he came home on Miller's single to center one out later: tying the score 2-2. Miller stole second base before Luis Gomez walked, then swiped third after Tug McGraw replaced

Then Royster lofted a fly to right field, but right fielder George Vuckovich caught the ball and threw home too late to get Miller. Philadelphia had taken a 2-1 lead in the ninth on Pete Rose's third straight single

scored pinch-runner Ryne Swinberg. Elsewhere in the National League, Keith Hernandez knocked in two runs and Bruce picked up his 18th save in relief of Gary Sorensen as the St. Louis Cardinals broke the San Francisco Giants five-game winning streak with a 5-2 victory.

Tom Eaver pitched a two-hitter for eight innings and George Foster's towering home run ignited the Cincinnati Reds to a 7-0 victory over the Montreal Expos.

In the American League, John Decny

tive shutout and Jerry Dybzinski cracked a bases-loaded single to give the Cleveland Indians a 2-0 victory over the Oakland A's in the first game of a doubleheader. Cleveland also won the second game 10-4.

pitched a four-hitter for his second consecu-

Dave Stapleton hit a two-run homer after Cavney Lanford was hit by a pitch in the fourth inning and the Boston Red Sox beat California 3-1.

The Orioles, aided by two errors by Seattle shortstop Jim Anderson, scored two runs in the 11th to give Baltimore a 3-2 victory over the Seattle Mariners. Left-Hander Rick Honeycutt pitched a six-hitter and Billy Sample drove in three runs as the Texas Rangers snapped a 4-1 victory over the Toronto Blue Jays. Rob Wilfong's suicide squeeze bunt scored Mickey Hatcher from third and lifted Minnesota to a 4-3 triumph over the New York Yankees. Hatcher had tripled home the tying run earlier in the hit a two-run homer in the sixth.

Pinch-hitter Ron Jackson singled home Kirk Gibson in the 10th inning to lift the Detroit Tigers to a 5-4 victory over the Chicago White Sox.

#### Alain Bondue pedals into semifinals

BRNO, Czechoslovakia, Sept. 3 (AP) -Alain Bondue of France sped into the semifinals of the Professional Pursuit competition at the World Cycling Championships Wednesday, clocking five minutes, 57.14 seconds.

The Olympic Silver medalist was followed by Hans Henrick Orted of Denmark, who also broke the six-minute barrier at the outdoor velodrome here.

Herman Ponsteen of Holland, who was favored in the event as defending champion Tony Doyle of Britain was injured in a train-

ing accident in London, failed to make the quarterfinals. Connie Carpenter of the United States eliminated Amanda Jones of Britain in mov-

ing to the semis of the women's pursuit race. American Rebecca Twigg was ousted by Tamara Poliakova, the fastest in the round with 3:55.21. Nadezpda Kibardina of the Soviet Union and Jeannie Longu of France were the other advancing racers.

Bondue had the fastest qualifying time in the men's professional pursuit. The Olympic silver medalist was clocked in six minutes. 01.18 seconds in his race with Robert Dill Bundi of Switzerland, the Olympic champion at 4,000 meters and the No. 5 qualifier here.

Beric Heiden of the United States, winner of five gold speed skating medals at the 1980 Olympics, was the slowest of the 199 professionals with a time of 6:27.55.

Sergey Kopilov of the Soviet Union gained his revenge for defeat in last year's Moscow Olympics by beating Lutz Hesslich of East Germany in the final of the men's sprint.

Kopilov lost to Hesslich, in the semi-finals at Moscow. Detlef Uibel beat fellow East German Michael Hubner in the ride-off for

the bronze medal. Kopilov lost the first after trying to beat Hesslich in a tactical race but the Soviet camp

told him to attack from far out for the next two heats and his greater strength allowed him to hold off the East German for the gold

world title he lost last year to fellow Dutchman Gaby Minneboo.

#### West Ham trounces Tottenham

#### Champions Villa crashes to second defeat



**Trevor Francis** signs for City

MANCHESTER, England, Sept. 3 (R) — England striker Trevor Francis, Britain's first one million sterling (\$1.83 million) soccer player, Thursday completed his second. seven-figure transfer.

Francis, 27, moved from former European champions Nottingham Forest to Manchester City for 1.2 million sterling. He is expected to make his debut at Stoke on Saturday.

Ironically, City manager John bond's failure with another one million sterling bid paved the way for Francis' departure from Forest two-and-a-half years after he joined them amid much ballyhood from Birmingham City.

Bond tried unsuccessfully to sign Justin Fashanu from his former club Norwich. But the England "B" forward went to Forest, giving manager Brian Clough an overcrowded stable of strikers.

At least one had to go, and the prospect of an independent tribunal slashing Francis' valuation when his present contract expires next May persauded Clough to encourage the

Francis said Thursday he was disappointed that the Forest boss had not tried harder to persuade him to stay with the club.

In Kotka, Finland scored their first points in seven World Soccer Cup gualifying matches when they beat Abania 2-1 Wed-

even a 35-year-old Nastase. several years

"I'm 22 but I feel 52 right now," Purcell

said after the match. "I knew I should beat him but I was intimidated. I was nervous and

"He should be a crowd favorite." said Pur-

have to take that in stride." After Nastase bounced back to win the

fourth set and tie the match. Purceil regrouped and gained the decisive service break in the fourth game of the final set. He committed just nine unforced errors in the match to 26 by the flashier Nastase, and that made a big difference. Nastase also commit-

LONDON, Sept. 3 (AFP) - League

Champions Aston Villa crashed to their sec-

ond defeat of the season, despite taking a

23rd minute lead at Sunderland Wednesday

After their surprise home defeat against

promoted Notts County. Villa seeded to be

on course for better things when Terry

Donovan, recalled after a 17-month absence.

Ipswich at Portman Road on Saturday, equal-

ized through Tom Ritchie in the 36th minute

and collected three points when Gary powell

headed home three minutes into the second

Stoke Took their tally to six points by trouncing Coventry 4-0 at the Victoria

Ground. Lee Champman and Adrian Heath

the opening day by winning easily at West

Bromwich. Brian Talbot and Alan Sunder-

land scored in a six-minute first-half burst.

Arsenal atoned for their home defeat on

David Cross, the leading Second Division

marksmen last season, scored all the goals as

West Ham crushed Tottenham 4-0 at White

But Sunderland, who held Cup holders

put them ahead.

scored two goals apiece.

once last season. Peter Barnes. Leed's 930,000 pound singing from West Bromwich, put over the cross that produced Arthur Graham's 37th minute equalizer in the 1-1 home drawn against Everton. Alan Biley, a close season capture

tenham's former Liverpool goalkeeper Ray

Clemence, who only conceded four goals

from Derby, gave Everton an 11th minute

There was a remarkable finish to the League Cup game between Chester and Plymouth at Sealand Road, when the goalder was the only score.

posts collapsed 12 minutes from the time. Referee Norman Glover consulted both captains and ground staff before abandoning the The score was 2-2 when Chester goal-keeper Grenville Millington punched the ball

away and fell back against a post which collapsed under his weight and broke off at the Relegated Norwich took their first points with a Jim Cannon own goal, at home to Crystal Palace. Cannon's sixth minute blun-

English League . Division Que				Chester	2	Plymouth	
				Crewe Hereford United	1	Bristol Rovers Port Vale	
					1		
				Lincoln City	3	Hull City	
Leeds United	1	Everton	ī	Oxford United	1	Brentford	
Stoke City	4	Coventry City	Ð	Peterborough	2	Barnsiey	
Sunderland	2	Aston Villa	1	Reading	2	Charlton	
Tottenbarn	0	West Ham	4	Southend	0	Portsmouth	
West Bromwich	0	Arsenal	2	Torquay	2	Newport County	
Division Two				Scottish League Co	D		
Norwich City	- 1	Crystal Palace	Ð				
English League Cop				Aberdeen	5	Berwick Rangers	
				Brechin City	0	Rangers	
Bradieni	3	Blackport	1	Hamilton	O	Dundee United	
Cardiff City	2	Excier City	ī	Forfar Athletic	2	Arbroath	

#### Hart Lane. It was an unhappy debut for Tet-Steve Wegerle stars in Cosmos' big victory

TAMPA. Florida, Sept. 3 (AP) - Ex-Rowdie Steve Wegerle of South Africa played havoc with his former teammates Wednesday night, scoring two goals to lead the defending North American Soccer League champions Cosmos to a 6-0 victory over Tampa Bay in the opening game of their play-off series.

The Rowdies, who ousted Vancouver in the first round, dominated the first 40 minutes of the game before a crowd of 29,225 in Tampa Stadium, But at 40:28. Vladislaz Bogicevic (Yugoslavia) slipped the ball to the middle of the field. Wegerle pounced on it. went around one defender, vauked over a fallen Keelan and punched a six-foot shot into the net for a 1-0 Cosmos lead.

In another match forward Alan Willey kicked in a long, low shot with less than five minutes to play to give the Montreal Manic a stunning 3-2 upset victory over the Chicago

In their maiden scaqon, the Manic are

routinely thrning in upset performances against higher-rated teams and their effort Wednesday night before a record capacity crowd was no exception

The Manic trailed 2-1 at the end of the first half and seemed incorpable of penetrating the tight Sting defense. Bet Afrina defender Damir Sutevski field the medical difference at long, slow kick from center circle that Sting goalkeeper Dieter Ferner torched but couldn't deflect.

Chicago got off to a fire various star for-ward Karl-Heinz Granitza of West Germany drove in a direct free kick with just 5:10 elapsed in the first half.

In Jacksonville, Bob Newton scored his second game-winning playoft goal to lead the Tea Men to a 2-1 victory over the San Diego

Newton's heroics came with just live seconds remaining in overtime after Tommy. O'Hara of Scotland centered a free kick from just outside the San Diego penalty area. New-

ton, who was double-teamed on the play, went high in the air and headed the ball past the outstretched hands of Sockers goalkeeper Volkmar Gross. Englands's Alan Green put the Tea Men ahead in the first half following a corner kick by Nino Zec of Yugoslavia. It was Green's fifth goal of the playoffs in three

Rico Rohman of Luxembourg scored the equalizer for San Diego at 40:00 and the score was I-I at halftime.

The Fort Lauderdale Strikers posted a 3-4) victory over the Minnesota Kicks. Fort Landerdale opened scoring at 31:02 when veteran English midfielder Keith Weller took a perfect pass from Nene Cubillas and put the ball past kicks goalkeeper Tino Lettieri.

Segota got the first of his two goals nine minute into the secondhalf, taking a pass from Weller, beating Minnesota defender Steve little (England) and taking a shot from directly in front of the goal.

medal Matthe Pronk regained the motor-paced

> In the Keirin sprint Danny Clarke of Australia successfully defended his title against a field of eight.

rwards, "But I haven't been playing well ugh." Borg, who had been seeded No. 1 e for four straight years until this year.

**Conditions** set in athletes' d earnings

> 1 from advertising in what was described ursday as "a fair deal for the top athlete." he International Amateur Athletic Fedion (IAAF) voted overwhelmingly Wedlay to allow star competitors to accept ney from advertising contracts provided æ are handled by national federations and proceeds paid into trust funds.

he decision effectively opens the financial

dgates for stars such as Steve Ovett and

astian Coc, Britain's 800 and 1,500 met-

OME, Sept. 3 (R) - No limit will be

ed on the money track and field stars may

Olympic champions and world record s guaranteed crowd-pullers in a nominally iteur sport, athletes of their caliber have years poured money into the coffers of k and field promotors. They have in the been allowed to advertise on behalf of r national federations but have not, until

ow their earning power from advertising the effectively governed by their success he track and it will be up to the marketing Ho decide how much a particular contract 1 the case of Ovett and Coe, while they go

cossing world records backward and for-

been allowed to benefit from the pro-

d between them, their earning capacity uld be astronomical. ontracts would be negotiated by national rations or by a professional marketing mization acting on the federation's alt. The profits from such deals would be on a mutually agreed basis between the ete and his federation, with the federausing its share to pay for coaching

elopment and administration. AA) general secretary John Holt Thursdescribed the new arrangements, which include more extensive subsidies for petitors, as "a fair deal for the top interonal athlete.

he IAAF congress also considered props to introduce limited cash prizes or carager money at some top international tings. The proposals will be presented for 'acution at the next congress in Athens in tember 1982 and could come into force: tellewing year.

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HISHAM ALI HAFIZ

MUHAMMAD ALI HAFIZ

Editor in Cluef MUHAMMAD M.AL-SHIBANI General Manuger SAUD ALI HAFIZ

MAIN OFFICE ARAB NEWS BUILDING OFF SHARARA, P.O. BOX 4666 TÉL : 5534723 6534743 6533723 CABLE : MARADNEWS TELEX : 401570 ARANEWS SJ JEDOAH

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There seem to be no clear-cut solutions for the crises now taking place in Namibia (Southwest Africa), Angola and South Africa. The confusion is heightened by the fact that whenever a hot spot occurs in one area and is confronted, another fire breaks out almost instantly nearby. The forest fire is now raging and putting it out has so far been directed at small areas, not accomplishing anything.

As if African involvement in the controversy is not enough many superpowers are lighting their own fires with political and economic motives and thereby are heightening the crises. Even the United States does not seem to be following any one policy in the region; it has publicly admonished South Africa for its racist policies, while at the same time moderating its stand in deference to economic and business interests said to be in excess of \$2 billion. In the United Nations, where the international community suggested a resolution to cool the fire, the United States was one of only a few nations which threw cold water on that effort.

Other confusing considerations are South African aggression and the violation of human rights in its own country; its forays into both Angola and Namibia; and the presence of Cuban and Soviet troops and equipment.

Another long-term solution might be the establishment of some sort of an African council which could mediate disputes and fight fires. After the fires were put out, perhaps they could come up with long-range ways to assure peace in the region. Of course, the same problems would be paramount because of the selfish motives of individual nations, which no matter how democratically decisions were reached, would not cooperate if they hit too close to home. Any such effort would be a step in

the right direction. The United Nations seems to have pointed-out and found a solution to the clear-cut part of the problem. Its independence plan would at least cool a major hot spot and then perhaps the involved parties could come up with their own solutions for more minor problems. The United Nations Security Council does have a peacekeeping role, but as a small clique of nations always neutralizes their decisions it is questionable when such efforts would ever take place.

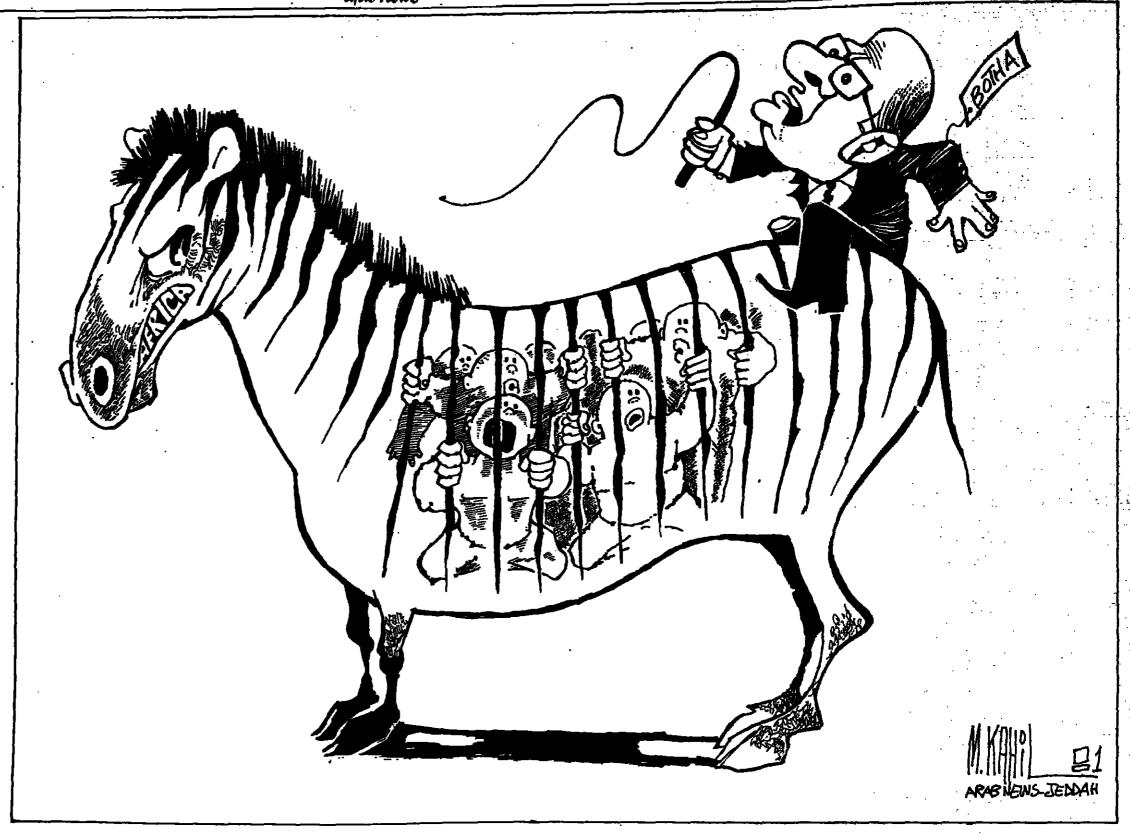
#### Saudi Arabian press review

Saudi newspapers Thursday led with the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) ministerial council which wound up its meetings in Taif Wednesday. They also highlighted Prince Saud Al-Faisal's contacts in Syria and Lebanon, together with his Kuwaiti counterpart Sheikh Sabah Al-Ahmad Al-Sabah on the eve of the Arab Follow-Up Committee meeting. The papers also gave prominence to the visit paid to King Khaled in Taif by the visiting Gambian foreign minister who handed him a message from President Dauda Jawara. News of the riots in Jerusalem, around Al-Aqsa mosque blasphemised by the occupation authorities was also frontpaged. The papers bannerlined

Iranian events and the struggle of the Afghan Mujahideens.

Al Riyadh wrote editorially that the statement issued at the end of the GCC foreign ministerial council session covered major events of the world, which proves that all events, whatever scattered in the same area are inter-linked; and, similarly, a relationship exists between events of different areas. It pointed out that the GCC foreign ministers reaffirmed their resolve to keep the Gulf area away from international rivalry. However, it said, it seems that the world powers are not content with such behavior on the part of Gulf countries; therefore they have invented diabolic schemes to jeopardize the area's security, prevent the welfare of their peoples and let the

leaders be concerned about their countries' national sovereignty. Okez said that the meeting was a real success and lived up to the expectations and the hopes pinned on it. It underlined that the only target of such encounters is to ensure the stability, prosperity and progress of the Six GCC countries and of the Arab and Islamic worlds. It noted that the final statement dwelt on the major political, security and economic preoccupations of the Gulf countries. Al Bilad said that the resolutions reached in Tail will have beneficial effects on the six countries position on the world scene.



#### Where does all the Russian grain go? (Part Two)

EDITOR'S NOTE: This is the second of a two-part series by Roy and Zhores Medvedev on food and inflation in the Soviet Union.

By Roy and Zhores Medvedev

LONDON --Foreign visitors to the Soviet Union who est package-deal hotel meals and ride on the underground to buy their souvenirs in foreign-currency shops often feel they are in another world.

immune from inflation and there seems to be some substance to the Soviet claim that capitalism is subject to continual crises which by-pass socialism.

Tt is true that Soviet citizens are cushioned from many of the effects of the world recession and the increases in energy prices. Bread costs the same now as it did in 1953, the last time the price of meat, milk and eggs rose was in 1962, an unlimited journey on a Moscow bus or the metro costs the equivalent of five cents, telephone costs less than \$4 a month to rent and local calls are free.

Since the cost of providing these goods and services has risen, it is clear that these prices are uneconomic...and price increases are no longer a purely capitalist phenomenon.

Socialist economic theory claims that the price of most goods in a 'maturing' Socialist economy will constantly fall to the point where the commodities

and services essential for life are free. At first this theory worked quite well in the Soviet Union. Luxury goods, together with the demand for them, were almost non-existent.

Industrialization produced a growth rate which seemed unlimited and the Soviet Union seemed to possess an abundance of natural resources which could support stable and decreasing prices.

Later, when consumer goods began to be produced and the demand for them grew, the theory was modified. The state began to differentiate betveen essential and non-essential products, subsidizing the former so that they were often priced lower even than the cost of production.

That policy has continued. Non-essential or luxury goods like cars, hi-fi systems, radios, watches, quality clothing, washing machines and vodka etc. were priced as much as 500 percent to 1,000 percent above production costs. Scientific and technological progress seemed to promise a solution to all economic problems. Prices would remain stable or continue to fall.

The reality of diminishing resources became clear only gradually in the Soviet Union. First overfishing depleted resources so that consumer demand could not be satisfied. Then there was a shortage of industrial timber and paper: now there is insufficient readily accessible coal.

Moreover wage increases which were intended to

reduce the imbalance between occupations and to raise the minimum wage level have increased consumer spending power. There is too much money chasing too few goods.

The demand for both essential and non-essential items continues to rise and it cannot be met by increasing production. The state can no longer sustain a policy of stable and decreasing prices. The theory has not been abandoned, but the

definition of what is essential is changing. Inflation is becoming increasingly real to the Soviet public as more and more goods and services are removed from the list of essentials and become more expen-

Rent in the Soviet Union remains the same as it was 40 years ago, but only for the minimal space of nine square meters per person. Extra space can be rented but is vastly more expensive. Public transport within cities remains ridiculously cheap but taxi-fares have doubled, and inter-city rail and air fares have become more expensive.

In 1982 the telephone will lose its essential status and local calls will be timed and charged. Books, newspapers, cinema and theater tickets were subsidized in the past because of their propaganda uses and cultural value. Now books have more than doubled in price and Pravda will cost one or two kopeks more in 1982 - its first real price increase since it was established in 1912.

Food prices remain unchanged in the shops but restaurant meals cost more than twice what they did two or three years ago. Natural gas is still free and electricity prices have not risen, but the increased length of pipelines required to transport gas and the priority which the state has accorded to energysaving make it inevitable that this will change.

The list of the things considered essential is gradually being whittled away so that the theory of stable or decreasing prices is bound to sound more and more like empty rhetoric.

Although the price increases are often small, for most people the effect is considerable because wages have not risen for many years. In Poland Solidarity would consider price rises only on condition that minimum wages rose as well.

Price increases for basic commodities are not likely to be any more popular in the Soviet Union. Nor will they necessarily curb demand. The very high prices of non-essential consumer goods have hardly dented the demand for them, and the black market in high-quality Western consumer durables continues to thrive. — (ONS)

#### U.S., South Africa views converge By Robert Welber

JOHANNESBURG -On the eve of an emergency United Nations meeting on South-West Africa, the United States and South Africa are tying the territory's independence to a settlement of the civil war in neighboring Angola, Detailed explanation of each country's views by South African Foreign Minister Pik 3otha and Cheser Crocker's assistant U.S. secretary of state for African affairs, also make clear that the presence of Cuban advisers in Angola is a stumbling

Botha recently told foreign correspondents: "The Russians brought them (Cubans) in to sustain and maintain a regime which is a Communist regime and against which Jonas Savimbi is fighting to keep his people. As long as they are there, Savimbi will fight them. And there will be turbulence and a lack of peace and in stability and as long as that is there it doesn't matter what plan you evolve (for independence for South-West Africa). You are not going to get it implemented."

A common estimate of the number of Cubans in Angola is 20,000. Savimbi's pro-Western UNITA guerrillas have continued fighting the Luanda government since the Marxist MPLA won control on the country in 1979 with the aid Cuban troops. The MPLA, or Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola, claims Savimbi, UNITA, or National Union for the Total Independence of Angola, survives only because of South African support.

Crocker in a speech this week in Honolulu said: The assumption that Cubans will depart - or that UNITA will evaporate like the morning dew — as South Africa withdraws from Namiba (South-West Africa) is problematical. What if the civil strife in Angola continues after Nambia's independence?

We also wonder how a young government in Namibia can be expected to survive with a seemingly endless civil war on its northern border, with a substantial Soviet-Cuban presence nearby and with the consequent prospect of a new sequence of intervention involving perhaps both South African and Communist forces.

Crocker also said: "As we make it clear, there is no doubt that UNITA represents a significant and legitimate factor in Angolan politics. We have also maintained our mutually fruitful commercial ties with Luanda as a symbol of the future relationship. He said a Namibian settler ant could "reinforce movement toward Cuban withdrawal" but "a satisfactory outcome can only be based on parallel movement in both arenas."

The United States does not maintain diplomatic relations with the Luanda government, but an American oil company, Guif, operates a substantial oil field off the northern Angola coast. Crocker's stated view represents a major shift from the position of the former Jimmy Carter administration. Former American U.N. Ambassador Andrew Young once referred to the Cubans as "stabilizing force" in Angola. The Carter administration frequently and bitterly assailed the racial policies of South Africa's white-minority

government. Perhaps to avoid embarrassing the Reagan Administration, Botha and South African Prime Minister O.W. Botha have both avoided praising the new U.S. position. There was no immediate comment, for example, on Monday night's U.S. veto of a U.N. Security Council resolution condemning South Africa's current invasion of Angola. It was the second U.S. veto this year of an anti-South African resoltuion.

In his speech, Crocker, noting a two billion dollar American investment in South Africa, as well as the country's strategic minerals and position on the Cape Sea route, added: "South Africa is an integral and important element of the global economic system. (It) plays a significant economic role in its own region. We will not support the severing of those

Crocker's statement reaffirmed that the U.S. would not go along with sanctions against South Africa should the U.N. impose them. South Africa, meanwhile, took the opportunity to show further evidence of the Soviet-Cuban presence in Angola. Defense Minister Gen. Magnus Macnw said: "I trust that the Western world has a note that there is irrefutable proof that, apart from Cubans, there are also Russian officers at the FAPLA (Angolan) and SWAPO (South-West African People's Organization) headquarters. Clear evidence was found of their presence in Southern Africa and it does not

augur well for freedom and the free world." The South African army displayed pictures, personal effects and documents of 27 Soviet advisers to reporters. The Soviets reportedly fled when the South African army launched its raid Sunday.

SWAPO has been fighting a 15-year war with South Africa for control of South-West Africa: South Africa says SWAPO launches its raids from Angolan sanctuaries into the territory, administered by Pretoria under a league of nations' man-date since revoked by the U.N.

The U.N. General Assembly meeting set for Thursday was requested by African and other Third World nations who support DCNU. These nations accuse South Africa of refusing to allow independence elections in Namibia because SWAPO which Pretoria considers to be Marxist-dominated
— would win. (AP)

Violence in Thailand

BANGKOK --A wave of violence has hit Thailand, threatening to swamp its hard-pressed security forces.

Murders have jumped to a record level of more than 40 a day and in a period of eight months up to last May, more than 8,000 people were the victims of violence, Interior ministry has disclosed. Recent acts of violence have included the

gangland-tyle killing of a member of parliament and his wife in the heart of Bangkok. They were rideed with bullets Monday by gunmen who opened fire as the couple drove through the city. Earayuth was the scond parliamentarian murdered here within a month. In July, legislator Kamthorn Latcharoj was stabbed to death and his

mutilated body dumped outside the capital. Their murders occurred as parliament was reconvening for the shock of the ambush killing of a politically influential business tycoon-Chumphol known as the "good-fatter of Chonburi province," in June.

Police arrested four men suspected of shooting Chumphol near a busy street intersection in Chonburi, south of Bangkok. But they have yet to find the killers of Kamthorn and Sarayuth.

The wave of killings has stretched the resources of troops and police, already heavily involved in operations against an estimated 10,000 Communist guerrillas in the north and south of the country. More than 500 members of the security forces died in fighting guerrillas last year and Thai officials fear government casualties could be as heavy again this year.

In the Southern province near Malaysia, Muslim fighters campaigning for self-rule have been suspected for killing several government officials and villagers and kidnapping teachers and businessmen. Several thousand ethnic Chinese living in the southern border town of Voong staged a demonstration last month, protesting against an upsurge of violence claiming that about 100 members of their community had been killed by

Muslims this year. The Betong area is also the sanctuary of 3,000 outlawed Communist Party of Malaya (CPM) guerrillas. Malaysian security forces last months sealed off the Betong border with Thailand for 24 hours as they fought off guerrilla attacks on their posts inside Malaysia.

In the southern province of Nakhonsi Thammarat, gunmen in military uniform last month shot up people attending a ceremony mourning the death of a local business leader murdered by hired assassins. The attack killed 11 mourners and wounded 16. According to the police, there was conflicting evidence that the killers were either Communists or army-trained trigger-happy

ranger troops. In the same area, a gunman last month killed a forest official as he lay in the provincial hospital recovering from injuries he sustained in a jungle ambush in which two fellow officers were killed. Bombings have also taken their toll in Bangkok and other cities while special police anti-bomb squads are being formed and undergoing training.

Bombs, primed with timing devices, exploded in two crowded shopping centers here in June, maimed serveral shoppers, and damaged buildings. A Bomb tossed into a bus in Bangkok's twin city of Thoburi last month seriously injured three passengers. In the bustling southern city of Hat Yai, police discovered a bomb before it exploded.

Foreign embassies, alarmed by Bangkok's mounting violence, have warned their employees and foreign visitors to avoid frequenting public places. But only one foreigner so far has fallen a victim to attack. Police reported Haruo Kurita, a Japanese businessman, was hacked to death here last month by an enraged manservant who had been refused holiday leave. (R)

#### Letter to the editor

Appreciative

I am writing to thank the people of Saudi Arabia for their kindness and generous hospitality while we lived there. We first lived in Amman, Jordan, for a year and a half before moving to

I find the people of the Arab world very kind, honest and considerate. I am one small voice. I wish more of my fellow Americans had the opportunity to live among you and get to know you as I have. I found it richly rewarding. I gained very much from all of you.

I found your newspaper, the Arab News, to the informative and fair to all. I would hope that some day I might once again live or visit world.

> Appreciative American Mrs. Stanly Sawyer Rosewell, Gorgia

#### The Qur'an: Its first compilation

By Adil Salahi

As the Qur'an was revealed in passages of varying lengths over a period of 23 years we need to look at its compilation and its original copies. When any passage was revealed, the Prophet instructed some of his companions to write it down. He also took care to make as many of his companions as possible memorize it. The early Muslims responded with great enthusiasm. There was a large number of them who learnt most, if not all, the Qur'an by

Every year in Ramadan the Prophet received Gabriel, the angel, and the :wo spent hours every night reading the Qur'an to each other. In the last year of he Prophet's life he read the whole Qur'an, in its final order, twice in front of Gabriel, the angel who brought him his revelation in the first place. That inal order is the same as the one we tave today. So, when the Prophet pased away, the Muslims were left with a rariety of writing materials containing bassages of the Qur'an. Altogether, hese pieces of writing material conained the whole book. There were everal copies of most passages, but hey were kept by different people in heir own houses. There were also nany people who knew the Qur'an by eart, and many who heard the whole ook recited by the Prophet in its final ırder.

In the first few months after the 'rophet had passed away the Muslims, nder Abu Bakr, the first Caliph, had o fight many battles. In one of them, he battle of Yamama, which was xceptionally ferocious, no less than eventy of those who knew the Qur'an y heart were killed. Umar, who was to ecome the second Caliph, went to bu Bakr with the advice that he

should compile a complete and authentic copy of the Qur'an. Abu Bakr recognized the need for such a copy and charged with this great task a young man who was renowned for his sharp memory, excellent learning and scholarly approach to the Our an. Furthermore, this young man, Zaid ibn Thabit, was one of the few literate companion of the Prophet who were employed in writing down the Divine revelations as they were received by the Prophet. He was also present when the Prophet recited the Qur'an for the final time. In short, Zaid's qualifications for the task were impeccable.

Zaid's terms of reference stipulated that he would not include in the copy he was to compile any written text which is not supported by the testimony of at least two persons to the effect that it was written in the presence of the Prophet, as he himself dictated it. Thus no text, written from memory, was included. All the Muslim community in Medina helped Zaid in his task by offering him what they possessed of written text. The fact that Abu Bakr, Umar and Zaid all knew the whole Qur'an by heart provided an additional safeguard against any loss.

When Zaid completed his task and a full copy of the Qur'an was thus compiled he gave that copy to Abu Bakr, the Caliph, who kept it until his death. When Umar took over as Caliph the compiled copy was in his custody. Just before his death he entrusted it to his daughter, Hafsa, the Prophet's widow who kept it until it was used as a master to provide more copies of the Qur'an. Perhaps we should add here that Umar gave it to his daughter because his successor had not been chosen yet.

cessor had not been chosen yet.
The copy compiled by Zaid was

#### Islam in perspective

#### What the Qur'an teaches

In the name of Allah, the Beneficent, the Merciful I swear by the turning planets, which move swiftly and hide themselves away, and by the night as it comes darkening on, and by the morning as it starts to breathe, this is truly the word of a noble and mighty messenger, who enjoys a secure position with the Lord of the Throne. He is obeyed in heaven, faithful to his trust. Your old friend is not mad. He saw him on the clear horizon. He does not grudge the secrets of the unseen. It is not the word of an accursed devil. Whither then are you going? This is only a reminder to all men, to those of you whose will is to be upright. Yet, you cannot will except by the will of Allah,

(The Darkening 81; 15 - 29)

accepted by the whole Muslim community as a full and complete master copy. It certainly was nothing like a book in our sense of the word. It was more like a complete file containing material which had been carefully ordered but not bound in a single bind-

Lord of all the worlds.

ing. History did not record any disagreement among the companions of the Prophet as to its fullness or completeness.

Next week we will discuss how the various regions received their master copies.

Arab News welcomes questions about Islam, its principles and practices. Answers by our religious editor will be published in this section every Friday.

Please address your letters to: the Religious Editor, P.O. Box 4556, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia.

#### Life of the Prophet - 22 Temptation renewed

It seems that the attempt by Utbah (related last week) to tempt Muhammad with offers of wealth, honor or high position gave the Makkan elders new ideas about how to settle their affair with Muhammad. The fact that Utbah returned from his encounter with the Prophet convinced that he was not seeking any material gain for himself did not deter them from making a fresh attempt. One evening a group of these elders, with representatives from all the Quraish clans met at the Ka'aba and sent to Muhammad asking him to come for a discussion. He came quickly, hoping that they might have started to realize the truthfulness of his message. Nothing would have pleased him more, as he loved his people and cared for their well being.

As he listened to them, however, he realized that he was in for another futile discussion. They started by repeating their familiar complaint about the division he caused in their community, his ridicule of idol worship and so on. They went on, however, to repeat the offers Utbah had made to him declaring that they were prepared to make him the richest among them, and to make him their honored chief, or even their king. They also offered to seek for him the best medical cure if he was possessed or haunted.

We may observe here that these offers were more of a test than practical and realistic offers. The Makkans were simply hoping for the slightest indication from Muhammad that he was after some material gain. That would have given them all the justification they needed to resort to the most violent means in order to suppress his call. He, however, was clear about his priorities and his objectives. He said to them: "I am not after your money and I do not seek a position or a crown. Allah has made me His messenger and revealed a book to me and instructed me to be a messenger of good tidings and a warner to you. I have conveyed Allah's message to you as best I could, and I have given you my sound advice. If you accept it from me it will be good for you in this life and the life to come. If you turn it down I will continue to preach it until Allah settles the issue between us."

The Quraish elders were apparently, in no compromising mood. They started to make impossible demands. They said: "You know that our country is a hard one to live in: water is scarce and we are very poor. Why don't you pray your Lord who sent you to us and ask him to move away these mountains surrounding us and make our land open and plain with rivers similar to those in Syria and Iraq. Ask Him also to raise for us a few of our forefahters, who should include Qussai ibn Kilab (the Prophet's seventh grand father), who was a man of his word, so that we may ask them about what you say: is it true or false. If you do that, and if they testify for you we will recognize your high position with Allah and will believe that you are His messenger."

He said to them; "This is not what I was sent to you for. I have conveyed to you the message Allah has entrusted me with. If you accept it you benefit yourselves here and in the hereafter. If you deny it I will await Allah's judgment between us."

They continued with their demands, challenging him now to prove his superiority. They said: "Since you decline that, why don't you get something for yourself. Ask your Lord to send you an angel to endorse what you say and argue your case with us. Ask Him further to give you a palace and a garden and a lot of gold and silver so that you do not need to work for your living. We will then realize that you are dear to Him and you are, as you claim, His messenger."

He said: "I would not ask Him anything of the sort. I am simply sent to deliver good tidings and a warning. If you accept, it is for your good. If you refuse I will await Allah's judgment."

Then they came with yet another unworthy suggestion. They said: "Make the sky break up, then, and let it fall over us, as you claim your God is capable of doing."

The Prophet answered: "That is up to Allah. If He decides to do that He will."

By then the Prophet realized that the discussion was coming, like many a previous one, to its end with both sides drawing further apart. This time, however, it had a more acrimonions ending which we will discuss next week, Allah willing.

#### Billions in improvements

# Saving historic southern Italy, industry, art, tourism are tried

By Louis B. Fleming

'ARANTO, Italy, (LAT) - Europe's est and perhaps most modern steel mill ids on the outskirts of this city, a monun to the government's commitment to rove the way of life in the Mezzogiorno, outhern Italy is called, Billions of dollars irports, aqueducts, dams, highways, land m projects and subsidized industrial is have been poured into the area. But so the effort has not been very successful. he Mezzogiorno is Italy's Third World, development here is proving as clusive as Asia. Africa and Latin America. The romic gap between the south and the Ithy north is not narrowing, it is widening. We are a colony," an agricultural iomist said at a fruit-packing plant near . The spranking-new plant is a symbol of south's progress and its powerlessness. economic decisions are made where the ey is, in the industrialized north, so this Figure 1 at 40 percent of capacity and t peaches get packed in the north.

the government is trying everything it can uprove the eight regions of the Mezorno, hoping it will flourish as it did when is a regional center of the Greek empire than two millennia ago.

ime of the world's greaters art treasures in the Mezzogiorno, including the Greek bles of Sicily. On Aug. 5, two bronze ies of ancient warriors, fashioned more 2,500 years ago in the golden era of ik art, went on exhibition in the museum eggio Calabria, not far from the place is they were pulled from the sea. Ian the warriors save the poor south?" a ie newspaper asked the day that the

ie art of the region is matched by a splenof scenery, from forested mountains to a

oit opened.

coast of cliffs and beaches. The natural elements for a tourist industry are in the place, and hotel accommodations have been doubled. But there has been no flood of tourists, nor the jobs that they would create.

Farmers Resist Cooperatives

Peach power has been brought into the struggle to develop the fertile coastal plain of southern Basilicata, where the Greek colonists developed model agricultural centers. But the small farmers have resisted joining cooperatives that could give them the marketing power they need to complete in the lucrative European market.

Only a handful of food processing plants exist in the south, and only half of the million acres brought under irrigation in recent years have been planted. The common market agricultural policy, which favors grain farmers of the north over the vegetable, grape and fruit growers of the south, is blamed here.

History Blamed

Some say history is at fault. There were Saracen invasions and monarchies in the Mezzogiorno, and Feudalism perpetuated an exploitation of the peasants long after the industrial revolution had reached the north of Italy.

Some say it is geography. To this day, the mountain acries of the Abruzzi, Molise, Sicily, Sardinia and Basilicata regions, including many of the hill towns devastated in last November's earthquake, live in isolation that condemns them to economic stagnation.

Some say it is mentality. The Mcz-

Some say it is mentality. The Mczzogiorno's No. 2 employer, Alfa Romeo's
Alfa Sud Plant near Naples, has been a disaster of indiscipline and now ranks as one of the
world's most unproductive automobile
plants. Absenteeism has been known to reach
41 percent. A survey of other plants found an
average of 10 percent absenteeism. But
operators of smaller plants report generally

favorable experiences with workers, andproductivity at the Italsider Steel Mill here is one of the highest in Europe.

Agricultural Economics

The argument over mentality touches agriculture as well. Studies in Basilicta established the possibility of grapefruit production that could dominate the European market. But small farmers, perhaps jealous of what they gained under land reform, rejected formation of American-style cooperatives that would have been required to assure competitive marketing. Only 10 percent of the area's farmers belong to cooperatives.

"It is not mentality, it is pure economics."
one agricultural consultant said.
Crime Is One Drawback

No one argues about one obvious handicap: Crime. The Mafia of Sicily and Calabria, and the Camorra of Campania. around Naples, infect their regions, die surage economic initiative, drain off countless billions of lire and are spreading the northern cities as well. In the first six months of this year, 92 people have died in gangland murders in and around Naples.

Today, 20.6 million people, 35 percent of Italy's population, live in the eight southern regions — Sardinia, Sicily, Calabria, Basilicata, Apulia, Abruzzi, Molise and Campania — which together cover 41 percent of the nation's land.

But their share of Italy's economy is another matter. Their median income level is 59 percent of the national median. That represents a marginal improvement over 1950, when the great rescue operation began, but the grap has been widening since 1975

the gap has been widening since 1975.

The labor force in the Mezzogiorno is 7 million, almost one-third of the national work force, but unemployment is 12 percent, double the national level in some areas.

POISONOUS PLANT: British scientists recently issued a renewed warning about the Giant Hogweed, an ornamental plant which grows to a beight of from four to five meters. The flower heads measure as much as one to one-and-a-half meters across. The plant is harmful to touch, causing burns and blisters that heal slowly.

# New book about publishing scheme says French literary awards were 'rigged'

By Paul Webster

.RIS (ONS) — France's annual season rary prizes begins soon with the release probable best seller that the country's st publishers would prefer to have seen wastepaper basket. With 1,500 literary s at stake as the make-or-break autumn ann is launched, the top publishing is are accused in the book of rigging the ds system.

illed Les Intellocrates, the book was nissioned by one of the biggest pubs, Les Editions du Senil, which then dit down because it was too hot to le. Instead, it is being released by one of independent companies that has a reputator knocking the establishment — Edi-

Ramsay, who helped sway the May presial elections has nothing to lose by king its big rivals if the investigations of outhors — Herve Hamon and Patrick nan — are accepted.

nile there is certain to be a counterk to allegations of what amounts to a sticated form of bribery of literary prize , no one can deny one cold fact—three shing houses hold a near monopoly of ig awards that can turn an obscure work in international best seller overnight, uring the last 10 years, Scuil, Grasset and mard have between them scooped up 83 int of the top prizes—notably the Gon-Benaudot, Femina, Medicis and

allie. But the authors they edit account

'0 percent of the jury members who

decide by majority vote on the winning

The winner of the top prize — the Goncourt — gets only 50 francs (less than \$9) but can reach sales of a million as the book hits the end-of-the-year market with its smart red literary prize wrapper as a guarantee of a good book.

Hamon and Rotman, however, see no accident in the result saying that jury members, usually top selling authors, have such a close relationship with their publishers that it amounts to a bartering of mutual interest. The backscratching process goes further than just guaranteed contracts for predictable jury votes.

"In every publishing house there's a member of the staff who is responsible for buttering up jury members, " Hamon said. "They see to everything from flowers on a birthday and chauffeurs when necessary to helping authors expand their business of the state of the st

While a semblance of studying various candidates for prizes is usual—and necessary for the tremendous advance publicity surrounding the guessing game—the result is often decided in advance. The authors even quote the case of a Medicis jury chairman advising his fellow jury members two years ago to concentrate on one book—written by the chairman of his publishing house. It was deby successful

duly successful.

Tracing connections between votes and prizes is easy as French papers devote enormous space to prize adjudications, revealing in detail how jury members voted.

With 168 novels to be released next month to catch the juries' eyes, the book is not afraid to name both publishers and authors caught in the system. The accusations will add to a generally turbulent atmosphere in the publishing world that has harmed publisher's credibility.

It has been a curious year, with Francoise Sagan publicly ditching her publishers, accusing them of exploiting her, and Jean-Edern Hallier—one of Francois Mitterrand's favorite writers—being refused admission to the French Academy because of a long battle over the literary elite's alleged compromises with their prize-hungry publishers.

There has also been the bizarre revelation that Romain Gary, who committed suicide last year, won a second Goncourt under the pseudonym of Emile Ajar, getting around the unwritten rule that the prize goes to young authors.

But even the publisher of Les Intellocrates, Jean-Pierre Ramsay, is not against literary prizes as such — particularly as he pulled off a coup with his new recruit, Françoise Sagan, whose La Femme Furdee (The Painted Woman) is summer's best selling novel.

"Several of my own authors are certainly worth a prize this autumn." he said. "But the system of awarding prizes must be overhauled with a code drawn up by authors and publishers. Jury members should not sit for more than three years and should not be allowed to accumulate jobs'—a reference to the fact that the same authors who decide what will be a best seller are also very often highly-paid publishers' editors.

## Water, land use methods are praised

TAIPEI (CNA) — Irrigation development experts praised techniques for the use of water and land resources suggested recently by the Republic of China during international seminars in Okinawa and Tokyo.

Irrigation experts and scholars from the Republic of China presented five papers on irrigation development and management at the Symposium on Water and Agriculture in East Asia. Some 200 delegates from Japan, Korea and the Rpublic of China attended the meeting under the sponsorship of the Japanese Government and business groups.

"The seminar, focused on developing a water and land use system for the Ryukyu Islands, was partly designed to explore the feasibility of borrowing ideas and skills in irrigation development from the Republic of China," said L. J. Wen, an irrigation special-

ist of the Council for Agricultural Planning and Development (CAPD) who attended the seminar. Taiwan, with a subtropical climate similar to that of the Ryukyus, may serve as a good example for Ryukyus irrigation development, said Wen, who now serves as deputy-director of agricultural resources in CAPD.

Other participants in this international seminar from this country were Prf. H. Y. Chang of Tamkang University, Profs. Y. S. Tsao and C. E. Kan of National Taiwan University, W. J. Wu, a deputy plant chief from Taiwan Sugar Corp., and C. H. Lin, chairman of Yunlin Irrigation Association. The papers they delivered in the seminar were widely reported by such major newspapers in Japan and the Ryukyus as the Ryukyu News, Okinawa Times, Asahi Simbun and Yomiuri

The Japanese experts and scholars stressed the importance of expanding technical and cultural interchanges between this country and Japan, and they also hoped similar seminars would be held in Taiwan.

The water management system adopted in this country. Wen said, is superior to the Japanese one bacuse it uses two-thirds less water, a fact that won admiration from foreign irrigation specialists at the international meeting.

Deputy-Director Wen also noted that Japan's irrigation water canals are complete with measures to ensure public safety. Other points to be learned from Japan include serious attention to land improvement, underground drainage, farm-road maintenance and farmland development, high investment in irrigation facilities, and strict quality control over irrigation works, Wen said.

## Eskimos patronized as Canada prepares to develop the Arctic

ANGNIRTUNG. Northwest Territories. 1) - It is a cliche of the Third World that abols of the old and the new are found side by side. The Eskimo hamlet of Pangnirtung. a few miles south of the Arctic Circle, is no different. The carcasses of seals, food for the winter, are strewn along the rocky path that leads from the icy waters to a mound. A fence on the mound is covered with sealskins drying in the summer sunlight. Within the fence stands a huge. gleaming dish antenna, receiving television programs from modern

The attitudes that prevail here have a colonial quality, much like that of British Africa in bygone years, and it is easiest to understand the Eskimos by thinking of them as a somewhat colonized people. The Eskimo, in fact, is far more tied to traditional ways, far more dependent on paternal whites, far more separated from industrialization, far more resistant to change than all but a handful of African tribes today.

But change, though resisted, is inevitable — especially in an era when the whites who dominate Canada are intent on developing the Arctic and extracting riches from it. And with the change come disorientation, conflict, tension and puzzlement.

Of the 100.000 Eskimos in the Arctic world. 23,000 live in Canada and, by all accounts, they are the least exposed to white. western ways. Until a few decades ago, only white whalers, fur traders, Royal Canadian Mounted Police and missionaries knew the Eskimos of Canada. They were too isolated, far away in the Arctic. Most Canadians, save when they happened to see a movie like Nanook Of The North, hardly realized that Eskimos existed in their country.

Eskimos Discovered In 1950s

The government sort of discovered the Eskimos in the early 1950s" commissioner John H. Parker of the Northwest Territories said in Yellowknife, the territorial capital, "and it discovered them because there were reports that they were starving...people just couldn't starve to death in Canada.

people who camped in igloos or tents in groups of two or three families. Intent on providing them with education, health clinics and welfare, the Canadian government coaxed and pressured the Eskimos into leaving their camps and moving to new settlements. These settlements were built around the old mainstays of white civilization in the north - the Mounties' post and the Hudson's Bay Co. trading store.

As a result, at a time when most of the colonial powers were giving up their responsibility in the Third World, the Canadian government first began asserting its authority and assuming real responsibility for these native people.

Motives In Question

The Canadian government's action was probably necessary and well-intended, but it is now regarded suspiciously by critics of the government like Sam Raddi, 50, president of the Committee For Original People's Entitlement, the main organization of Eskimos in the western Arctic.

"They forced us to leave the hunting grounds and head to a settlement." Raddi said in the town of Inuvik, "and that's where the trouble started. We were our own boss before, and we had confidence. The white trapper learned from us. Then came the government and told us you have to go to work at 8 a.m. or you get fired. and you have to go to school."

Since then, the pace of change has been different for different Eskimo communities. Here in Pangnirtung in the eastern Arctic, for example, traditional ways prevail. With a population of 930 Eskimos and 50 whites, the hamlet's economy is based on sealing, soapstone carving and government subsidies.

There are odd jobs in the summer, in construction or the outfitting of tourists for camping by the nearby glaciers. In the main, however, the men of Pangnirtung prefer to live off the sea, and the women still wear parkas that have oversized hoods shielding the children on their backs, and long flaps hanging behind. But there are no igloos or dog teams. The Eskimos of Pangnirtung live in heated wooden houses and use snowmobiles to pull their sleds.

The biggest problem, according to Mayor Peteroosie Qapik, is that the young people

have little to do. Western Arctic Different

Life is much different in Tuktovaktuk, on the Beaufort Sea, the site of intensive drilling for offshore oil. This hamlet in the western Arctic, with a population of 600 Eskimos and 200 whites, has long had contact with white whales and fur traders and radar technicians on the dew line (the U.S.-Canadian Distant Early Warning Radar System), and the Eskimos of Tuktovaktuk, many with some white blood, have learned to speak English. The recent oil drilling has brought jobs and riches. Every Eskimo family now owns a pickup truck, and every young man knows he can buy whatever he wants by just showing up a couple of weeks of work.

Despite the wealth from oil, almost every man in Tuktoyaltuk spends a good deal of July hunting for beluga whales in the Beaufort Sea. Whaling is considered fun, and the Eskimos have their "muktuk" - pieces of smoked whale meat — for the winter. No matter how educated or modernized. Eskimos throughout the arctic prefer what they call country food - caribou, whitefish. Arctic char, seal, whale - all eaten raw or smoked.

"Most of our people," said Nellie Cournoyea, who represents the western Arctic in the Teritorial Council of the Northwest Territories, "rely on the resources even when working on a job for pay. If they can't hunt. they ask someone else to do it for them."

But even traditional hunting is dependent on new ways, and Eskimos must earn money or ask for welfare to pay for the guns, ammunition, snowmobiles and fuel needed to obtain

Important To Preserve Indentity

Some Eskimos are worried about the inroads of white culture. "Even though we know changes are happening every day." said Peter Green, vice president of the Committee For Original People's Entitlement, "we want to preserve our identity."

The cultural problems of the Eskimos are compounded by the fact that many of the Canadian whites who deal with them have a colonial mentality - a feeling of superiority and a paternal need to do things for the Eskimos to try to improve their lot. This kind of attitude on the part of whites can undermine the confidence and self-reliance of

There are about 5,000 white government employees in the Northwest Territories. Their job, in a sense, has been to implant what has been deemed a superior culture. A few years ago, Rosemary Kirby, an Eskimo teacher, told a government commission "there was a time after being raised in residential schools when an Eskimo person felt that they were useless, they were worthless. that what they were was something to be ashamed of."

Police Abase Eskimos

"The RCMP," said Eddie Gruben in Tuktovaktuk, "treats the natives up here like dogs - as Eskimos, we really have no power at all. We are controlled by governments."

Vince Steen, the mayor of Tuktovaktut told a government commission a few years ago, "the people won't take a white man's word at face value any more because you fooled them too many times. You took everything they had and you gave them nothing. You took all the fur, took all the whales. killed all the polar bear with aircraft and everything, and you put a quota on top of that, so we can't have polar bear when we feel like it any more."

In the last few years, the Eskimos have become better organized than ever before, largely because the federal government in Ottawa has granted and loaned the money to take part in negotiations with the government over land claims. Neither the Canadian government nor its predecessor, the British government, ever signed a treaty with the Eskimos, and the negotiations are intended both to settle the ownership rights of Eskimos now and to compensate them fairly for land taken from them.

The negotiations are complicated by the feeling of Canadians to the south that the time has come to invest in the north and extract the great wealth, especially oil, that is believed to be there. Eskimo leaders are hesitant about the pace of this development, partly because they want their rights to ownership of land cleared up before royalties are paid, partly because they are afraid that people, machinery and pollution will upset the fragile ecology of the Arctic and deprive them of the sea mammals and fish that support their traditional ways.

If great pools of oil are discovered in the Arctic, as now seems likely, it is doubtful that the government of Canada will let 23,000 Eskimos stand in the way of extracting this oil. The pace of cultural change is sure to intensify in the years ahead for the Eskimos

#### Back-to-nature movement increases bubonic plague

By Philip J. Hilts

LOS ANGELES (WP) - When bubonic plague ravaged Europe in the 14th Century, it was spread by rodents swarming through the squalid housing of the poor. Now plague is on the increase in the western United States because of the living habits of the affluent. As Americans seek solitude in nature, building houses in more primitive settings away from the cities, they are finding they have to put up with primitive dangers, including bubonic

Eigth cases have been counted this year. three of them fatal, and the high season for plague continues through October. The eighth victim was found recently at a ranch on New Mexico's Sandia Mountain, the second case in a week in the area.

From the 1920s until the late 1960s, the United States counted an average of one human case of plague a year, said Jack Poland, an expert in bubonic plague at the Centers for Disease Control in Fort Collings, Colo. But since 1975, he said, the average has been between 15 and 20 cases a year, all in

Plague is no longer the great threat to life it once was. It now can be cured quickly with antibiotics if caught before advanced stages. But because it is sometimes hard to diagnose, deaths occur annually and health departments in the west routinely check wild-

the western states.

life for signs of the disease. The disease, which earned the name "The Black Death" when it wiped out as much as half the population of Europe in a few years during the 1300s, arrived in America at the turn of this century and has existed among

rodents here ever since.
In the early 1900s it was learned that plague was caused by a bacterium that infects fleas. When the infected flea bites an animal and feeds on its blood, plague bacteria is pas-

tively immune to the bacterium and carry the fleas until they die. Then the fleas seek a new host --- sometimes man.

Since the method of passing the disease was discovered, it has been held under control in humans. The diease is still common among some rodents, but man rarely has come in contact with the chief carriers - the rock squirrel, the ground squirrel and other western rodents.

"But as people move out farther from the city, and build these beautiful rock walls. where the rock squirrels love to live, and wood piles and other things, then you have people coming into contact with the disease again." Poland said.

Among the rich who have moved to more primitive surroundings are Ronald and Nancy Reagan, whose mountain ranch retreat is outside Santa Barbara, Calif. In May a live, plague-infected wood rat was trapped less than a mile from the Reagan ranchhouse.

Since the Santa Barbara Health Department doesn't often find infected rodents, the local citizenry and the president, who dislikes field mice and sets traps for them, were warned to take precautions, such as tucking jeans into boots and refraining from handling wildlife.

Ross Grayson of the Santa Barbara County Health Department said another routine rodent-trapping was completed recently. Results will not be known for another six to eight weeks, but he said the trapping netted few rodents.

"That can mean two things. Either the rodent population in the (Refugio) canyon is very low. Or a lot of animals have been killed

by plague."

Though the plague-infected fleas do not the plague of the plague of the plague. colonize dogs and cats, they do ride on pets until they are able to find a preferred host. like an unsuspecting pet owner or a hiker unlucky enough to pass near a colony of fleas.

#### U.S. health hazard results from popularity of qualude

By Philip J. Hilts

WASHINGTON (WP) - A drug popularized under the trade name of qualude has become a public health menace on a scale with heroin, according to Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) officials. Surveys of morgues and emergency rooms show that the drug, methaqualone, is the most-used illegal drug next to marijuana and causes more injuries and trauma than even heroin and cocaine in 13 major cities throughout the country. But unlike marijuana and heroin. the source of the drug methaqualone is

legitimate drug and chemical companies. There is only a small legitimate medical use for the drug, which is prescribed by doctors for use as a sleeping pill, but it is manufactured in huge quantities by legitimate companies in Europe, according to Gene Haislip, director of compliance and regulatory affairs

for the DEA. More than half - possibly much more thanhalf — of the legal production goes to illegal abuse. Haislip said. This kind of legal overproduction, followed by illegal diversion, is

becoming an increasing problem for many drugs, from stimulants to sedatives, he said. To combat a spectacular rise in the last three years in the use of methaqualone, which is abused mostly by teen-agers, the DEA has shut down for four years the one source of the

chemical in the United States. Haislip said.

He said the DEA also has obtained an agreement from the Hungarian government to close down that nation's entire production. estimated at 32,000 pounds a year.

According to a report published in the Journal of the American Medical Association, adolescents on methaqualone are arriving at emergency rooms and morgues in record numbers, especially in Florida and Texas, where most of the drug comes into the

Methaqualone, like other sedatives, can kill if taken in too great a quantity. A large proportion of the emergency room cases are those of teen-agers who have taken too much, or have run a car off the road under the influence of the drug.

Fewer than 9,000 pounds of methaqualone are produced legally each year in this country. But DEA estimates that about 200,000 pounds or more make their way to the streetsa large percentage of that coming from legitimate chemical companies in Germany and Austria by way of South America and Mexico.

The DEA became alarmed about the pills - called "Ludes" in street jargon - when their random drug scizures began turning up large amounts of the drug.

In 1978, the DEA seized 1,400 pounds of methaqualone — in 1979 it was 17.500 pounds and last year it was 27:692 pounds



MUNICH (INP) - The framed picture of a little house hangs on the wall in the Hotel "Fischer am See" in Prien (Federal Republic of Germany). It shows the parental home of master fisherman Horst Schaber. The family lived there until 1950. Later, there was a bigger house then, in 1970, the hotel was opened. Three chapters in the story of the German economic "miracle" after the Second World War — a boom which reached out to the shores of the Chiemsee lake on the frings of the alps in Upper Bavaria.

fishermen on the lake. He earned his house and hotel through fishing, going out on the lake year in, year out in all weathers. He's a man with a job which has all the characteris-

tics of the pre-industrial age. Catches nowadays are bigger than in the old days, but fish was more expensive then. Bigger quantities compensate for lower cash vield. The bigger quantities are made possible because, in modern times, fishermen's motor boats can reach the outling fishing

grounds, plying the length and breadth of the

80-square-kilometer lake. In the old days,

distances had to be kept within limits because rowing boats were used.

Paradoxical though it may seem, pollution of the environment works to their benefit. Like all inland waters here, the lake is overfertilized. Every year, about 115,000 tons of phosphate is channeled into the lake, enhancing the growth of plancton, the fish-feed comprising algae and minute forms of underwater life. This makes modern fish big-

ger and fatter. The main catches are of whitefish (coregonus), a salmon-like species about 30 centimeters long. Over-fertilization is graduinhabitant and for this reason, whitefish are also bred artificially.

A breeding station produces 30 million fry a year and the individual fishermen spread them in the lake. Pike can't be proliferated in the same way because of the lack of suitable quiet water. Bathers, yachts and motor boats are constantly on the move and cause turbulence. Added to this, Chiemsee is gradually losing its once characteristic broad fringe of

Eighteen fishermen around the lake share the fishing grounds. Most of them belong to families which have been fishing for centuries. Chiemsee fishermen have formed themselves into a co-operative. Jointly, they lay down fishing periods, the mesh and size of nets, so that everyone has equal opportunities. A lake steward supervises their activities. The present Steward is a successor to the old "lake judge", an official of the principality who has been appointed since the 16th century to watch over law and order. Fishing in the old days was a feudal privilege.

The center of Chiemsee fishing is the Fraueninsel (literally: women's isle), site of a nunnery founded in the days of Charlemagne where Benedictine nuns still teach in a girls' boarding school. Seven Chiemsee fishermen actually live on the island. Their forefathers were in service as convent fishermen.

Training as fishermen involves a threeyear apprenticeship. Some of this is spent at the State College in Stamberg, where all of Bavaria's fishermen are trained. Before long, Horst Schaber's two daughters - now attending high school - will enrol there too because they are both determined to carry on the family tradition.

They often slept in the boats when we went out fishing in their childhood," said their mother. Frau Schaber comes from Wasserburg on Lake Constance, where her parent are in the fishing business too. Fishermen in this region know one another well and they meet at conferences also attended by "colleagues" from Switzerland. At holiday time, they exchange visits and occasionally even marry one another.

Nearly all of the catch is sold "on location" thanks to tourism and the many hotels and restaurants on the lakeside. Only rarely do Chiemsee whitefish get as far as the big city. Munich. This usually happens when one of Herr Schaber's uncles fulls his rucksack with them, speeds by moped to the nearest railway station and takes the train 80 kilometers to Munich. The old Herr Schaber has regular customers and he's well known in fish-buying circles - thanks mainly to the battered hat he's been wearing for 40 years.

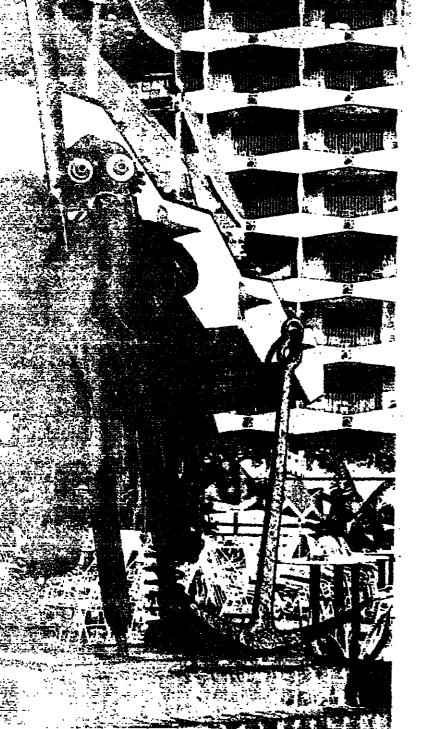


RARE CATCH: Over-fertilization in Chiemsee Lake is killing off the pike. At the same time other food fish are thriving

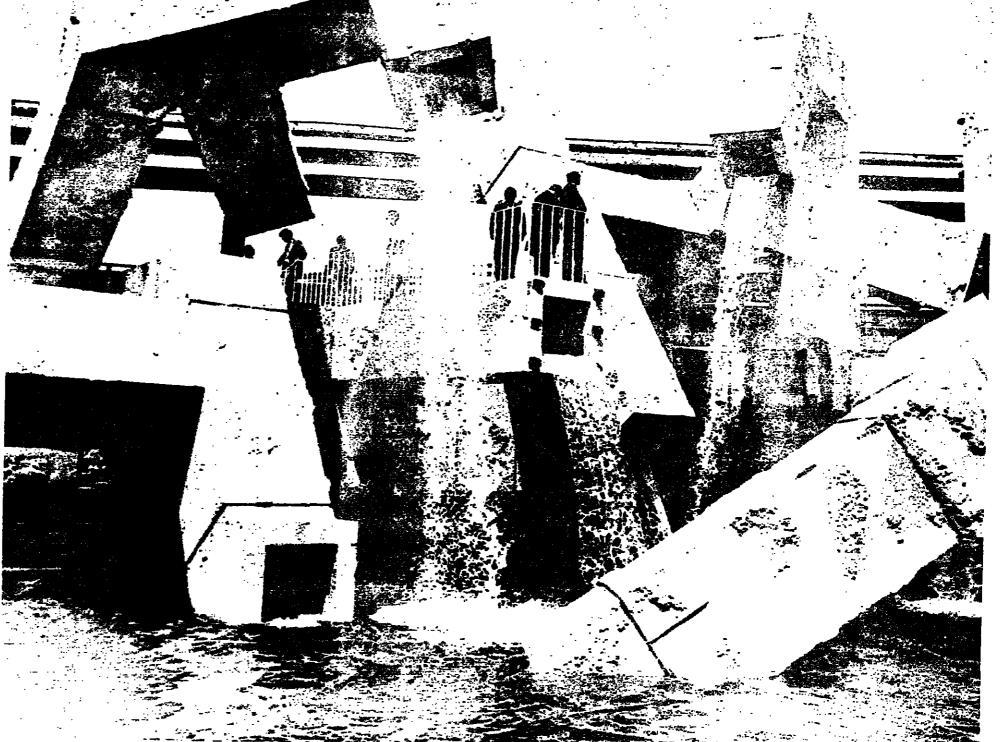








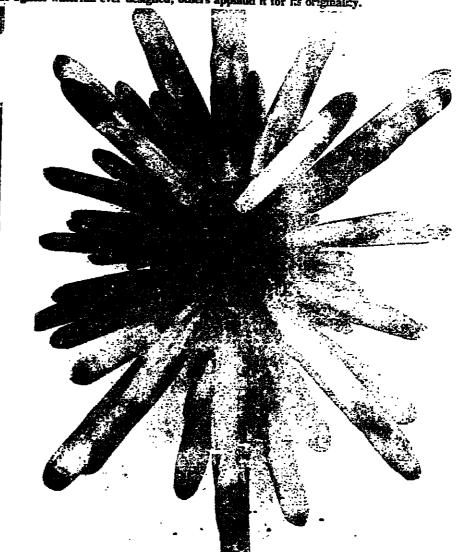
All the Post artists see the famous fictional character of Don Quixote differently, a few the resort town of Benidorm on the Costa Brave. An assortment of metalic including serious, gears, piston blocks and an anchor make up the venerable old



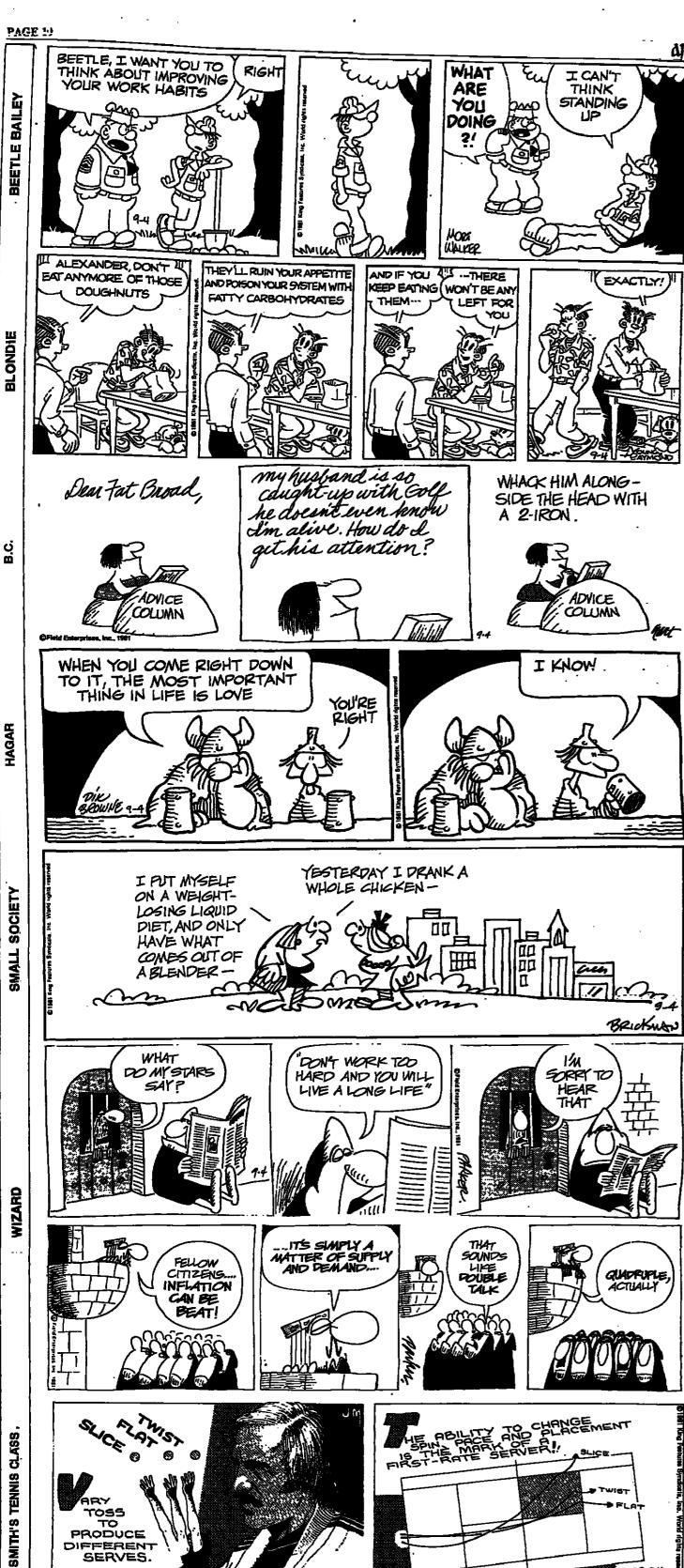
FOUNTAIN OF CONTROVERSY: This water fountain is the latest addition to the growing number of non-conforming structures in San Francisco, California. This modern art is the work of French-Canadian sculptor Armand Vaillancourt. Some critics say it is the ugliest waterfall ever designed, others applied it for its originality.



CENSTIP: Shydrip 500, shown here at its Cardington, England base, will make its maiden flight soon. The ship will perform maritime surveillance and recommissance.



UNUSUAL URCHIN: Resembling an artistic super-creation, this starlike pencil slate sea urchin is found in the warm tropical waters off Baja, California.



PRODUCE DIFFERENT



<u> — Frances Drake —</u>

FOR FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1981

What kind of day will temorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth

(Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) ARIES Good will assists you in business negotiations. Unexpected developments work to your advantage. . Avoid extravagance towards

nightfall. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Cooperation is the keynote of success. An afternoon date

may be changed. Selfindulgence could be detrimental to your health.

(May 21 to June 20) Routine work goes well, but be on the lookout for an unexpected break. You'll bave a good time at a family celebration.

CANCER (June 21 to July 22) Domesticity and children's affairs should keep you happily occupied. Romance comes unexpectedly. Don't go overboard socially. **પ્ર**ત્ફિ **LE**Q

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(July 23 to Aug. 22) A family member would very much like to hear from you. You may get some surprising news. Financial prospects should improve DOW. VIRGO (Aug. 23 to Sept. 22)

Unexpected meetings make this an exciting time. However, you may find it difficult to concentrate on the job. Curb restlessness. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)

Shopping expeditions lead to unexpected buys. Thank-you notes are in order. Be appreciative of those who have extended you their SCORPIO

(Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) After you catch up with unfinished tasks, you'll be in the mood for a quiet gettogether with friends. Be careful of erratic behavior.

**SAGITTARIUS** SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Important introductions are likely now. However, don't forget an old friend who would like to see you. Avoid a tendency to exaggerate. CAPRICORN

/804 3

(Dec. 22 to Jan. 19) You'll meet some unusual people. Social life has career ramifications. Don't take on more than you can handle. Curb procrastination. AQUARIUS

(Jan. 26 to Feb. 18) Career activities are highlighted. Be on the lookout for an unusual opportunity. Originality in methods brings you additional gains.

(Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) Meetings with advisers go well. Be receptive to viewpoints that differ from your own. Watch credit-card spending, if traveling.

**DENNIS the MENACE** 2000000

EXCUSE ME...MY MOM'S CALLING. I THINK SHE WANTS ME TO COME HOME AND CLEAN MY FINGERNAILS."

#### arabneux Calendar

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SAUDI ARABIA	8:30 Family Magazine	10:45 Wrestling
	9:30 English News	11:10 Films (block with close
9:00 Quran	9:45 Tomotrow's Programs	33).
- Friday Talk	9:50 English Film	DUBAI
- Cartoons	BAHRAIN	Channel 33
— Pateiga Play/Femily affair — Religious Program	Channel 55	5:00 Quren
Live Broadcast of	4:00 Quran	5:10 Bande Of The Planets
Friday-Noon Prayers	- Religious Talk	5:35 Scooby Doo Cartoons
— Religious Series	4:20 Program Preview	6:25 When Things Were Ros
— Religious Talk	4:25 Cartooss	6:50 Give Us A Chie
— Arabic Play	6:00 Religious Program	7:15 Star Games
6:30 Religion and Science	7:00 Daily Arabic Scries	7:50 Idamic Horizons
7:10 Foreign Play/Sanford and	8:00 Arabic News	8:00 Local News
Sal	8:30 Family Magazine	8:05 Seaguil Island/The Inc
7:45 English News	9:30 English News	ible Mr. Turner
8:00 Azabic Play	9:45 Tomorrow's Programs	9:00 Dallas
9:30 Arabic News	9:50 Taxiliseekers On Sport	10:00 World News
- Program Preview	10:15 Professionals	10:35 Songs and Program
- Arabic Daily Series	DUBAI	view
- Soce	Channel 10	10:45 Wrestling
- Song - Arabic Historic	2:00 Ouran	11:10 Film (link with Cha
- Weekly Series	2:15 Refigious Talk	33)
BAHRAIN	2:30 Carigons	D Al KL -1
	3:00 Children's Program	Ras Al Khaima
Channel 4	4:00 Football	5:45 Quran
3:00 Quan	5:00 Virginian 7:00 Religious Talk	6:00 Captain Nice
- Religious Talk	7:00 Religious Talk	6:25 High Chaparral
3:20 Program Preview	8:00 Local News	7:20 Thrill Show
3:25 Cartoons	8:10 Arabic Series	8:10 Ger Smart
4:30 Arabic Film	9:00 Sharawi-Friday Talk	8:35 Feature
6:00 Religious Program	10:00 World News	10:15 Dave Cash Show
7:00 Daily Arabic Series 8:00 Arabic News	10:35 Songs and Program Pre-	10:40 My Friend Tony
8:00 AIBUE IVEWS	View	The stay a record today
	Radio Programs	

**Radio Francaise** SECTION FRANCAISE DIEDDAH 2.25 Rafio ...
2.25 Light Muss.
3:00 News
3:10 Press Review
3:15 Light Music
3:20 The Life of the Prophet
3:30 Selection of Music
3:45 Light Music
3:45 Light Music
3:47 Closedown
Transmission
Widge 8801 Verses Et Os 8815 Musique Case 8815 Bonjour; 8820 Varietes; 8830 le Royamne d 8845 Orient Et Occ 8850 Musique; 9810 Lumiere sur le 9815 Varietes; 9810 Lumiere sur le 9815 Varietes; 9850 Varietes; 9858 Ciotare; 3:20 3:30 3:45 3:50 Break Time 8:60 8:01 8:06 8:07 8:12 eg Transmiston
Friday
Opening
Holy Quran
Program Review
Gens of Guidence
Light Music
Old and New
Reflections of A Moslim
Hello

8:15 8:45 9:00 9:15 9:30 9:40 9:45 10:15 10:45 11:00 Reflections of A Moulim
Hello
Hello
Aspects of Arab Civilization
News
S. Chromicle
Bourquet
Chet Show
Today's Short Story
Music of the Masters
A Readezvous with Dreams
Closedown. Bienre: 18h00 18h01 18h10 18h15 18h30 18h35 19h15 19h25 19h25 19h25 19h25 19h25 19h25 19h25 VOA **BBC** P.M.
8:00 News Roundup
Reports : Actualize
Opinion : Analyses
8:30 Dateline
News Summary
9:00 Secial English 4.00 World News 4.09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Sunnary 4.30 The Pleasure's Yours 5.15 Report on Religion 6.00 Radio Newsred 6.15 Ontlook 7.00 World News 7.09 Commentary News Summary
9:00 Special Englsh:
News; Feature. The
Making of a Nation
News Summary
9:30 Music USA:
(Sandards)

(Standards)
10:00 News Roundap
Reports : Actualisies
10:05 Opening : Analyse
News Summary

News Summary 10:30 VOC Magazine

America : Letter Cultural : Letter

11:00 Special English

11:30 Music U.S. : (Jazz)

VOA WORLD REPORT

voices correspon-

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12:00 Newsmakers

Michight

8.00 World News.
8.09 Twenty-Four Hours
News Surnawy
8.30 Sarah Ward
8.45 World Today
9.00 Newsdesk
9.30 Open Star
10.00 World News
10.09 Twenty-Four Hours
News Sunnamy
10.30 Sarah Ward
10.45 Something to
Show You
11.00 World News
11.09 Reflections
11.15 Plano Style
11.30 Brain of Britain 1978
12.00 World News
12.09 British Press Review
12.15 World Today
12.30 Financial News
12.40 Look Abrad
12.45 The Tody Myatt 7.00 World News
7.09 Commentary
7.15 Shexlock Holmes
7.45 World Today
8.00 World News
8.09 Books and Writers
8.30 Take One
8.45 Sports Round-up
9.00 World News
9.09 News about Britain
9.15 Radio Newsreel
9.30 Farming World
10.00 Outlook News
Summary
10.39 Stock Market Rep
10.43 Look Ahead 10.39 Stock Market Re, 10.43 Look Ahmad 10.45 Ubster in Focus 11.00 World News 11.09 Twenty-Four Hot News Sunnay 12.15 Talkabout 12.45 Nature Notebook 1.00 World News 1.09 World News 1.09 World News 1.35 Book Choice 1.40 Reflections 1.45 Sports Round-up 2.00 World News 2.09 Commentary 2.15 The Pace of Son 1.15 Ulster in Focus
1.30 Discovery
2.00 World News
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by THOMAS JOSEPH

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DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it: AXYDLBAAXR One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters. apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different. CEYPTOQUOTES

FBWRCWRK XE QXWRK, BXOYHYE PRAWYRF, APR VÝ FENTFYQ OWFBXNF

FBXEYPN Yesterday's Cryptoquote: TO REJOICE IN THE PROSPERITY OF ANOTHER IS TO PARTAKE OF IT.-WILLIAM

## AUSTIN ~

ding has gone: West North East South 10 Pass 2 🗭 Pass

**Pass** 20 What would you bid now with each of the following four hands? 1. ◆ AQ5 ♥973 ♦ J82 ◆ AK98 2. ◆ Q6 ♥A9 ◆AJ84 ◆KJ953 3. ◆ 5 ♥Q ◆ K9873 ◆ AK8742

4. ♦ 93 ♥ QJ6 ♦ Q84 ♠ AKQ76 1. Three notrump. It is easy to portray both your high-card values and distribution by jumping to three notrump. This tells partner you have the values for an opening bid, as well as notrump distribution and that's exactly what you

At the same time, North is not precluded from playing in a suit contract if that's what his distribution calls for, nor from heading for a slam with a better than minimum opening bid. A rebid of two notrump (not forcing) would be totally inadequate. That is what you might do with only 10 or 11 high-card points.

2. Four diamonds. Holding 15 high-card points, you naturally assume that this is a game-going hand. The jumpraise informs partner that you have good dismond support (at least four of them) and the necessary values for undertaking an eleven-trick game contract.

It is true that you're bypass-

Bidding Quiz could possibly be the nest of tract. But any lesser bid - for example three diamonds might easily result in failing to arrive at a game contract. If partner bids four hearts over four diamonds, showing a good heart suit, you should ac-

cept his judgment and pass. 3. Four notrump. Your chances of making a slam are excellent if partner has the requisite number of aces. You therefore use Blackwood. If North responds five diamonds, showing only one

ace, you pass. If he responds five hearts, showing two aces, you confidently bid six diamonds. Probably the only losing trick in that case will be the ace

held by the opponents.

If North responds five spades, showing all three spades. missing aces, you should gather up your courage and venture seven diamonds. Partner will very likely make all the tricks. Grand slams

pay fat bonuses.

1. Three bearts. Partner may think you have four-card trump support rather than three, but that shouldn't stop you from making the best bid under the circumstances. Three hearts is forcing assuming you play that all jump-bids or jump-raises by responder are forcing. That's the way most players play. It might turn out that North's rebid over three hearts is three notrump. In that case



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By Michael Gelb VASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (R) — The ne group of economists and politicians o recently succeeded in pushing through biggest tax cut in U.S. history are now ging an uphill battle to return the United ites to a monetary system based on gold. President Franklin Roosevelt took mericans off the "gold standard" in 1933 preventing them from redeeming their illars for gold. Ten years ago President ichard Nixon imposed the same prohibion on foreign holders on American dol-

sper money the U.S. central bank (the deral Reserve) circulated. But now a school of economists which ined influence in Washington with the ection of one of its key converts, conservae Republican Ronald Reagan, is saying e only way to end chronic inflation is to ik the dollar to gold again...

rs. The severing of the last link between

e U.S. monetary system and gold allowed

e dollar to float, its value estimated by the

orth of other currencies and the amount of

This group, known as supply-siders cause of their stressing the need to unfetr the private sector and allow it to supply ore goods, was the force behind Reagan ross-the-board, three-year tax cut acted last month.

The campaign to return to the gold stanwird got a boost when it was joined by rep-

## Resurrection of gold standard on the cards

resentative Jack Kemp, a New York Republican and former Oridiro football player who persuaded Reagan to make his tax cut proposals the cornerstone of the White House economic program. According to economist Dude Wannishki, Kemp and other supply-siders want the administration to commit itself to a return to the gold standard by the end of this year.

The odds are long despite a series of newspaper articles about the proposal, administration officials say they feel no urgency to act this year. Traditional economists and Democrats in Congress oppose a eturn to the gold standard, saying it would give the primary holders of gold the Soviet Union, South Africa and various European central banks - too much control over the dollar.

However, Congress last year created a gold commission to examine the pros and cons of linking the dollar to gold. The 17-member commission, which has met only once, is expected to ask Congress to extend its early October deadline for reporting until sometime next year, and the administration seems content not to take a stance until it sees the report.

Murray Weidenbaum, chairman of the

#### It's the only remedy to end inflation, U.S. analysts say

president's council of economic advisers and a member of the gold commission, says it would be presumptuous for the administration to act before the commission finishes its work. It is too early to tell what conclusions the commission will arrive at although only two members have clearly voiced support for resurecting the gold standard. The commission is expected to discuss a number of ideas.

One would make each dollar equal to a specified amount of gold, and people would be able to exchange dollars for gold, or gold for dollars. Dollars could not be printed unless the government had enough gold, and the size of the money supply would be limited by the size of the gold stock.

By tying the value of the dollar to a commodity that is durable and relatively constant in supply, the gold standard would ensure long-term price stability, gold back-

deplored that the conference discussed

objectives with less attention on ways of

achieving them. He stressed that a certain

percentage of gross national product — the

Group of 77 developing countries has sug-

gested 0.15 percent - should be devoted

officially to LDCs in the context of state

He said that among industrialized coun-

tries, only France has announced that it will

increase its state aid to achieve the target of

0.7 percent for development aid fixed by the

France's Finance Minister Jacques Delors

On Wednesday, Peter McPherson,

administrator of the U.S. Agency for Interna-

tional Development, said the aid program for

the LDC's proposed by the U.N. Conference

on Trade and Development (UNCTAD)

must be realistic. "The pace of progress

envisioned is much faster than experience

suggests feasible ... similarly, the demand for

increased assistance flows exceed what many

The European Economic Community

(EEC) Wednesday reaffirmed its pledge to

try to meet the United Nations target of 0.7

percent of each country's gross national pro-

duct to aid, but made no specific commitment

to boosting assistance to the 31 least

developed countries (LDC's).

donors are able to provide," he said.

might announce Friday that France is adopt-

ing a target of 0.15 percent of gross national

development aid.

product for LDC's.

They argue that a paper money system backed only by the credit of the government tends to be inflationary because governments rarely resist the temptation to pay their bills by printing more money, thus making the currency less valuable.

Lewis Lehrman, one of the commission's gold advocates, is fond of quoting an unnamed 18th century American politician who succumbed to the lure of paper money. "Do you think gentlemen, I will consent to load my constituents with taxes when we send to our printers and get a wagonload of money?" the statesman said.

More charitable supply-siders say the problem is not lack of will but a poor choice of tools. Economist Arthur Laffer, who supplied the theory behind the Reagan tax cut, says the Federal Reserve Board's attempt to bring down inflation by slowing the growth of money has been hamered by the structure of the international monetary

Wanniski adds: "It is not discipline that (Federal Reserve chairman) Paul Volcker needs. It is the kind of information that gold signals."

Changes in the demand for gold would clearly indicate when the U.S. central bank should step up or hold down growth of the money supply, he says. Every claim advanced by the advocates of the gold standard is countered by those opposed to it.

"The gold standard was one of the main causes of the frequency and severity of depressions in the industrialized world in the late 19th and early 20th century," said: former Federal Reserve Board Governor Andrew Brimmer. "It ought to be consigned to the dustbins of history."

The United States experienced 10 recessions between 1880 and 1914 when it was on the gold standard, and many financial analysts believe the requirements of the standard pushed the economy deeper into depression between 1931 and 1933.

The gold standard provided us with greater long-run price stability, but at the expense of both short-run real output and price stability," according to Michael Bordo, an economics lecturer at the University of South Carolina.

Returning to a gold standard would not be a simple task. "The immediate problem of restoring a gold standard is fixing a gold price that is consistent with market prices," Alan Greenspan, who directed President Ford's economic team, says if the price of gold were set too high, the treasury could be forced to buy large amounts, sharply increasing the money supply and adding to inflationary pressures.

If the price were too low, however, the money supply would have to fall because of large gold outflows from the treasury. This problem is really acute because of the large number of dollars held by foreigners. Demand for gold increases as confidence in the dollar declines and this was one of the reasons why President Nixon cut the last link with the dollar in August 1971.

However, despite the difficulties, the supply-siders are convinced their views will prevail. It may be significant that Greenspan, an establishment economist who seeks return to the gold standard, has introduced an idea that might smooth a transition to it. The former chairman of the council of advisers under President Ford has suggested the treasury could permit a gradual move back to the gold standard. The supply-siders are confident the gold standard will return because no other economic theories - new or old - have been successful in curbing inflation.

To avert unrest

#### AO calls for food plan to aid poor But in his interview with AFP, Saouma

ogram aimed particularly at helping the st developed countries (LDCs) was proped by the director general of the U.N. Food d Agriculture Organization (FAO) ouard Saouma here Thursday.

in Common with other speakers during a pate on general policy on the U.N. conferæ on LDC's, Saouma stressed the major xd and agriculture problems facing the 31 C's attending the meeting at UNESCO adquarters here. These countries comprise 0 million people, and Saouma told AFP er his speech that "man's first need is to

#### **Thailand plans** o join GATT

SANGKOK, Sept 3 (R) - Thailand is sidering becoming a full member of the ited Nations General Agreement on riffs and Trade (GATT) following three s of discussions with United Nations offiis here, the government said Thursday, t the director general of the department of iness economics, Prayoon Thalerngsri, i reporters that developed countries suld not ask Thailand to revise its import ... iff code and industrial promotion regulain return for admission to GATT.

Tayoon said the code did not discriminate inst any country and that under existing ernment procurement regulations, locally duced goods must be given priority over xorted products.

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problems in several countries because of the food crisis and rising prices," and gave the examples of Poland, and Sierra Leone where he said the government had announced a state of siege after workers' unions reacted to price rises. He also raised recent troubles in. Casablanca following food price rises, and a longer running problem in Ethiopia where serious famine caused the downfall of the Emperor Haile Selassie, as well as Liberia which experienced a military coup last year.

He observed that the conference here is useful "because it will show the desperate state of the poorest countries," and he added that the food problem grows worse every year. In his speech, Saouma said that the growth of agricultural production was about 1.6 per cent while the population of the LDC's was growing at some 2.6 percent.

He also suggested that the idea of a minimum food program "constitutes the dorsal fin of a substantial new action program" which should in principle be drawn up by the Paris conference.

He noted that the conference has before it proposals aimed at tripling external aid to the LDC's by 1984 and quadrupling it by 1990, and he said it would be reasonable "that at least a third of external aid be devoted to the agricultural sector."

External aid to the LDC's is scarcely \$800 million a year, but should reach about \$5.8 billion in 1990. Saouma stressed that "famine rayages the whole of the Third World ... 860 million people in the developing countries without counting China, could be helped."

25.10.81

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Tender

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Type of Cargo

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Gen/Rice/Contrs.

Rice/Contrs/Gen.

Contrs/General

Tiles/Timber/Contrs.

Containers

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#### Poland seeks more food aid from EEC

BRUSSELS, Sept. 3 (R) - Poland has told the European Economic Community (EEC) that it will probably need more subsidized EEC meat, butter and cereals, EEC sources have said.

Polish officials have contacted the EEC Commission informally, without specifying quantities, before making a detailed formal request, they said. The Common Market has already granted Poland large quantities of grains, butter, meant, sugar and other products this year, in two food aid packages

But arranging the food aid has been complicated by changes in Poland's own requirements and by financing difficulties.

The EEC Commission has agreed to sound out Common Market governments to find out whether they could arrange new loans to Poland, which can only afford to buy the food on credit.

More than 400,000 tons of EEC cereals, 60,000 tons of meat, 40,000 tons of dairy products and 50,000 tons of sugar have already been delivered to Poland and further shipments are on the way. The food is being provided at prices 10 to 15 percent below world market levels, at a cost in extra subsidies to the EEC budget of more than\$70

France recently announced a major delivery program on soft credit terms, involving 300,000 tons of cereals, 7,000 tons of beef and 15,00 tons of sugar.

worth more than \$450 million.

#### Boost free trade, U.S. urges

OSLO, Sept. 3 (R) — U.S. Trade Representative William Brock has called for gremote free trade. He told a high-level U.S.-Japan private conference in this resort town that while the United States is prepared to take the lead in this area other nations must

He said a proposed conference involving

to raise fares LONDON, Sept. 3 (AFP) - Several major airlines are to raise their fares on the North Atlantic route by amounts from five to 20 percent this weekend, only a few months after an average seven percent rise

Major airlines

came into effect. British Airways, Pan American and Irans World Airlines apply the increases this weekend. Other airlines are expected to follow suit, and even cut-price company Laker Airways is raising his "Skytrain" fares by 10 to 14 percent.

Aviation executives said financial difficulties were at the root of the increases and they thought the rises would eventually apply to almost the whole of the international network. A further round of increases on the north Atlantic route next spring cannot be ruled out.

The fares question will be discussed in Cannes, southern France, at the end of October by the International Air Transport Association (IATA).

the U.S., Japan and the European Economic Community (EEC) would help avoid trade Japan agreed earlier Wednesday to such discussions which were proposed by the U.S. last month although the EEC has not yet responded. Japanese government sources said the first meeting could be held in New York next month.

Brock, who is in Japan on the final leg of an Asian tour, said developing nations must also be helped through liberal trade policies though they in turn should open up their own markets.

Brock added that Japan should also expand its imports beyond recentlyannounced measures to promote purchases from overseas. Pressure toward trade protectionism in the U.S. was growing as American interest rates were high, economic growth was low and inflation had fallen only slightly,

The longer domestic economic problems continued the more difficult protectionism is to contain, Brock said.

Another of Wednesday's speakers, Naoniro Amaya, a special adviser to Japan's international trade ministry, said the U.S. had shown 'undue priority' toward Israel.

He said Japan was also seriously concerned with hardline Israeli policies towards Arab countries.

He said Japan, which imports about 70 percent of its oil from the Middle East, was determined to strengthen its relations with oil producing countries in the area and to provide aid to those which did not have oil.

## Dollar rates continue to slide

JEDDAH, Sept. 3 - The dollar closed weaker in New York after fluctuating during the late afternoon in Europe Wednesday. Dealers said no new factors were involved, but that the financial markets wanted to digest the implications of the Reagan administration's efforts to balance the budget so as to avoid the necessity of deficit financing. Meanwhile, "Fed funds" rates continued to trade at high levels, reaching 191/2 percent Wednesday night, before closing at 181/2 percent levels. Eurodollar interest rates remained firm and the dollar's fall on the exchanges merely reflected some technical adjustments and profit-taking.

On the bullion markets, gold and silver went up following renewed tensions over Angola and Poland and gold closed at \$434.00 per ounce levels in New York.

Locally, Thursday saw a mixed day as far as rival deposit rates were concerned with rates easing and firming and no clear pattern being established. Short-term riyal rates fluctuated at levels of 15¾ - 16¼ percent for the one-month period. While longer tenors such as the one-year remained more stable at 161/4 - 163/4 percent, medium term rates such as the three-month deposits also firmed slightly to 16% - 16% percent, continuing the trend for firmer longer — dated deposits. Kingdom-based banks mostly dealt in the short dates, but temporary excessive liquidity caused short-term rates to fall, taking week-fixed deposits to 12 - 13 percent at

As far as the local exchange markets were concerned, most banks reported very little activity during Thursday, citing the dollar's fall on the European markets as the major factor. Spot rival dollar rates were quoted at 3.4175-85 on opening, but later went up to 3.4195-05 when some commercial demand for the dollar occurred. The Bahraini-based OBU's - offshore booking units also reported little activity. Most observers in the region were waiting to see this Friday's U.S. money supply figures in the hope of getting a clearer, picture of the dollar's trend as far as interest rates were concerned.

On the European markets, Thursday saw the American currency fall over Wednesday levels. Against the French franc. the dollar was quoted at 5.8160 after it was trading at 5.8300 levels Wednesday. The British pound continued to be effected by oil price cut rumors and fluctuated between 1.8490 - 1.8500 Thursday. As for the German mark, the good trade figures for June kept boosting that currency's value and it traded at 2.4250 levels — 100 points better than Wednesday. The ven was stable at 229.50 levels, while the Swiss franc lost some ground to the dollar at 2.1340 levels due to Swiss inflation worries.

#### Keagan allays labor fears

CHICAGO, Sept. 3 (Agencies) - President Ronald Reagan, addressing trade unionists for the first time since he sacked 12,000 striking air traffic controllers, tried Thursday were not anti-union.

He told representatives of the 770,000member United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America he still believed in collective bargaining despite his tough stance against strikes by public employees.

'I guarantee that this administration will not fight inflation by attacking the sacred right of American workers to negotiate their wages," he said. "We propose to control government, not people." Reagan ordered the dismissal of over 12,000 federal air traffic controllers early last month after they went on strike in violation of U.S. law. The last time he addressed a union audience was on March 30 at a Washington hotel. As he left the hotel he was shot in the chest by a would-be assassin.

In a prepared speech, he set out to justify his sacking of the controllers, pointing out that the trade union movement had traditionally been against the right to strike for government personnel.

The American people cannot allow any group to force the hand of its elected representatives, he affirmed. The carnenters' union and the AFL-CIO Confederation are giving official backing to the controllers. Reagan also regretted the way that the trade union movement had reacted to his economic recovery program, which he said was designed to increase the wellbeing of the entire nation.

The bulk of American trade union leaders came out against Reagan during his election campaign, Lane Kirkland, president of the

during the campaign and since his election. The general feeling at this juncture is that antagonism between the White House and the trade unions is greater than at any time since 1935. The unions say Reagan was elected on a program to reverse the liberal trend that began with Franklin D. Roosevelt's "new deal" between the two world wars.

AFL-CIO, has been fiercely critical of him

#### **London Commodities**

	Closing Prices	
	Thursday	Wednesday
Gold (§ per ounce)	435.00	429,25
Silver cash (pence per ounce)	522.50	508.00
3 months	536.00	522.00
Copper cash	939.00	924.50
3 months	966.50	947.50
Tin cash	8100.00	8060.00
3 months	8300.00	8255.00
Lead cash	418.50	405.00
3 months	426.50	409.50
Zinc cash	523.00	515.00
3 months	536,50	524.50
Aluminium cash	649.50	644.00
3 months	670.25	672.50
Nickel cash	3167.50	3160.00
3 months	3227_50	3225.00
Sugar October	162.55	162.25
March	167.60	169.25
Coffee September	874.00	880.00
November	910.00	919.00
Cocoa September	1230.00	1220.00
December	1282.00	1273.00

Note: Prices in pounds per metric ton. The above prices are provided by Saudi Research & stment Ltd., P.O. Box 6474, Tel: 66539**0**8,

## Anti-nationalization drive launched in France

PARIS, Sept. 3 (AP) — French banking and industrial shareholders are mobilizing against the nationalization plans of President Francois Mitterrand in what could become a major policy controversy for his young Socialist administration.

These groups are trying to form a united front to block the takeover of 11 major industrial groups and the remaining banks and insurance companies that are in private

At a cabinet meeting Wednesday, Mitterrand's 104-day-old government worked out the final details of a nationalization bill that will be submitted to the Socialist-controlled national assembly in October for approval,

The nationalization bill is a major plank in the government's economic program that includes confronting a 1.85 million person imemployment problem and inflation now running at 13.5 percent. Now that Mitterrand has been in office for three months and the bloom is starting to wear off his new government, many French expect him to start producing results aimed at solving these probThe Socialist program, the biggest nationalization push since the end of World War II, would increase state control of industrial output from the current 12 percent to about 16 percent. It also would swell the government payroll by a whopping 60 percent with a projected 1.6 million workers employed directly by the state.

Public opinion polls show a majority of the French public favor the nationalization program. Opponents of the plan, however, contend it would be an economic risk for France and point to May 11 - a day that has become known as black Monday on the French stock exchange.

Within a week after Mitterrand's May 10 election, the French stock market had dropped 20 percent. The most severely affected stocks were those of the groups Mitterrand had said he would nationalize during his campaign against President Valery Giscard d'Estaing.

The stock market has recovered, but is still below its pre-election level. The French Employers Association has been an especially strong critic of the nationalization. Francois Ceyrac, the group's president, has called the program "useless, costly and

alism and competition in the area of credit and then the state a near-monopoly in the banking system?" Ceyrac has said. "It's an economic absurdity."

With the end of the traditional month-long August vacation, opposition to the nationalization program is expected to become more

Shareholders in the companies tagged for state takeover have formed groups such as the union for the defense and development of private stockholders and the defense association for private savers, which was launched Wednesday. The groups have pledged to open a public debate on whether there is serious justification for the nationalization program and to ask for proof on how the government believes it will improve the French economy.

At the heart of the shareholders' concern is how they will be financially compensated in a government takeover. Beregovoy stressed Wednesday that under the constitution, shareholders in companies that are nationalized would be justly compensated.

The groups targeted for nationalization include ITT-France, more than half of which is owned by American ITT, as well as the computer firm of CII-Honeywell and the pharmaceutical interest of Roussel-Uclaf, both of which also have substantial ownership outside France.

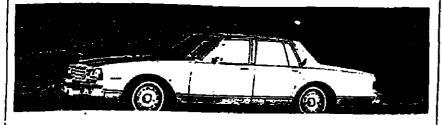
#### Foreign Exchange Rates Quoted at 5:00 P.M. Wednesday

#### **Cash** 9.08 Transfer 9.08 Bahraini Dina Bangladeshi Taka Belgian Franc (1,000) Canadian Dollar 14.40 286.00 141.25 124.25 Deutche Mark (100) Dutch Guilder (100) 141.10 124.05 3.85 93.20 58.85 Dutch Guiter (100) Egyptian Pound Emirates Dirham (100) French Franc (100) Greek Drachma (1,000) Indian Rupee (100) Iranian Riyal (100) 4.16 92.75 59.00 57.75 57.90 38.05 Iraqi Dinar Italian Lira (10,000) 28.20 14.95 10.08 12.08 72.80 28.30 Japanese Yen (1,000) Jordanian Dinar 10.12 Kuwaiti Dinar Lebanese Lira (100) 12.10 73.00 57.00 Moroccan Dirham (100) Fakistani Rupee (100) Philippines Peso (100) Pound Sterling Qatari Riyal (100) 61.10 34.65 43.45 6.350 94.00 158.40 35.10 93.25 Singapore Dollar (100) Spanish Peseta (1,000) Swiss Franc (100) 35.25 159.50 159.35 63.35 Syrian Lira (100) Turkish Lira (1,000) 57.00 3.425 U.S. Dollar 3.43 Yemeni Riyal (100) 74.90 Buying Price 47,950.00 5,550.00 elling Price 48,150.00

10 Tolas bar 1.525.00 1,465.00 The above cash and transfer rate are supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabel St., Tel: 6420932, Jeddah.

Saite UEP Meldive Neighbor Bagged Barley 2.9.81 1.9.81 Al Shuwelich Livestock Kanoo Containers 2.9.81 Kanoo Discovery Bay Presidential Chief of Staff Pierre 9.9.81 Containers Nadiloyd Roven Kanoo Beregovoy said the nationalization program 2.9.81 Barber Gen/Contra Rarber Tonsburg would revitalize the French economy, make it dangerous for France." 3,9,81 Капоо General Dorta Skou . "How can you evoke the principle of plur-2.9.81 more dynamic internationally, "help France Jimmu Maru 1.9.81 Al Saada OCE Steel out of crisis," and allow the restructuring of Antonette Genera

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Angolan radars destroyed

## South African Army launches new attack

troops have launched a new push into Angola's sparsely-populated province of Kuando Kubango bordering Namibia (Southwest Africa), Angolan official sources said here Thursday. South African ground forces were driving toward Mavinga, about 300 kms from the border and a major town of the vast Savannah-covered province in Angola's southeastern corner, the sources

Kuando Kubango is adjacent to Kunene province into which Namibian-based South African forces launched a major incursion 11 days ago. South Africa says it is withdrawing after a successful action against guerrillas of the Southwest Africa People's Organization

The sources said Angolan defenders were fighting the South Africans in Kuando Kubango but did not give details. They were unable to say when the South Africans entered the province, or how large the force was. Meanwhile, fighting continued for the fifth consecutive day at Cahama on the main highway from Namibia to the southern Angolan city of Lubango, the sources said.

Kuando Kubango is one of the three

## 2 policemen killed in

PRETORIA, Sept. 3 (AFP) - Four persons — two policemen, an adult civilian and a child — were killed during an armed attack on a police station in the Bophuthatswana Bantustan (tribal homeland) Wednesday night, the homeland's police chief, Gen. M.L. Sekhame, said Thursday.

The attack, at Mabopane, 40 kms north of here, was carried out by a group reported to be about 30-strong. They used at least three grenades as well as automatic rifles, sources said. Responsibility for the attack, has not yet been claimed.

Police were reported to have set up roadblocks throught the territory and were looking for a green car with a Johannesburg registration plate. Bophuthatswana was declared independent by South Africa in 1977, but no other government has recognized it. It consists of seven separate chunks of land of various dimensions located in the South Africa's Cape province, Transvaal and Orange Free State.

Meanwhile, about 70 refugees from Angola crossed into Namibia Wednesday evening following South African troop convoys as they pulled back after their military operations in southern Angola, an official in northern Namibia reported here Wednesday night.

SINGAPORE, Sept. 3 (AFP) - Leaders

of Cambodia's three anti-Vietnamese groups

will join a joint declaration of intent Friday, it

was learned Thursday. This declaration, which was thrashed out Thursday, will be

signed by former head of state Prince Noro-

dom Sihanouk. leader of the "Moulinaka," Son Sann, president of the Khmer People's

National Liberation Front, and Khieu Sam-

phan president and prime minister of the

Democratic Kampuchean (Khmer Rouge)

It was understood that the declaration will

be a general statement indentifying Vietnam

as the enemy of the Cambodian people and

reiterating the intention of all three groups to

secure the total withdrawal of the Vietnam-

meet again to thrash out details on the forma-

tion of a coalition government and a united

**Demonstrators toss** 

eggs at Thatcher car

RENFREW, Scotland, Sept. 3 (AP) -

Anti-nuclear demonstrators tossed eggs

Thursday at a car carrying British Prime

Minister Margaret Thatcher as she arrived to

visit a plant that makes equipment for nuclear

Two eggs were hurled at the car from a

One of the eggs smashed against the rear

crowd of more than 1,000 jeering protesters.

windshield of the car. Mrs. Thatcher and her

husband, Denis, were in the back seat at the

time. The prime minister's visit to the factory

was part of a tour of Scottish industries.

Ulster soldier injured

BELFAST, Sept. 3 (AFP) - A soldier in

They will also reiterate their agreement to

ese troops from Cambodia.

power plants.

the government as a result of the fighting.
The Angolan official sources said Kuando
Kubango had frequently been the target of
South African raids, which Pretoria says are aimed at SWAPO guerrillas bases. SWAPO has fought for 15 years against South African rule in Namibia. Angola is SWAPO's main

South Africa says its forces began pulling out last Friday after killing between 400 and 450 SWAPO guerrillas and capturing large quantities of military equipment made in the Soviet Union or East Germany. Pretoria says its forces have killed several Soviet soldiers including two colonels, and have captured a Soviet warrant officer.

Angolan Interior Minister Alexander Rodrigues said in a newspaper interview in Luanda Wednesday that Pretoria was thinking to create a buffer zone in southern Angola

with the aim of "stopping the liberating actions of SWAPO guerrillas." Angola has also accused South Africa of planning to install Angolan dissident guerrillas in a permanent administration there.

South Africa backs the Union for the Total Independence of Angola (UNITA), whose guerrillas are fighting against the Maoist government in Luanda. Angola's ambassador to Portugal said Wednesday the South Africans had used their invasion of southern Angola to restock UNITA's supplies. Ambassador Adriano Sebastiao said 38 tons of supplies were delivered to UNITA guerrillas near the river Ctimpole, in Kunene province on Aug.

In Johannesburg, informed Western sources said South African aircraft have destroyed all Angolan radar and anti-aircraft sites within a 150 kms strip north of the Namibian frontier. The principal targets of South African air raids were Soviet-made SAM-3 surface-to-air missile installations at Cahama and Chibemba, 130 kms and 200 kms north of the Cunene River, the sources said, Thursday.

a of Angola's protective "umbrella" in Cunene was believed to have been one of the main objectives of Operation Protea, which was launched by South Africa 10 days ago when the first of its troops crossed northward from Namibia.

The recent installation of radar and missile sites in southern Angola constituted a major problem for the South African forces, ruling out any element of surprise in future operations against the Angolan rear bases of SWAPO. The second objective was to destroy a regional SWAPO headquarters close to Xangongo, in Cunene, the western sources

Meanwhile, a South African military spokesman said that Nikolai Feodorovich Pestretsov, the Soviet non-Commissioned officer captured in southern Angola by South African forces during Operation Protea, would be treated "in the same way we would expect South Africans who are taken prisoner to be treated."

front. Asked about the draft, Son Sann told a

press conference Thursday that it would be

Son Sann said the tripartite meeting begin-

ning here Friday was "only to lay the founda-tion for further meetings." "There are many questions to be settled, and they cannot be

settled in one or two days."

Asked what role Prince Sihanouk would

play if he became prime minister in the coali-

tion government, Son Sann said: "We have

not reached that point. But there will be a

Son Sann emphasized that the coalition

government was to offer the people of Cam-

bodia "a valid alternative. "If the Cambodian

people were to choose only between Khmer

Rouge and Vietnam, they are so scared of the

Sonn Sann, who arrived here Wednesday

night, had hour-long discussions with Prince

Sihanouk at the latter's hotel suite. Earlier he

had talks with Singapore deputy prime minis-

ter in charge of foreign affairs, Sinnathamby

Singapore, in playing bost to the three

Cambodian leaders, hopes to bring about a

more broadbased government in Cambodia

to preempt attempts by Vietnam and the

Soviet Union to unseat the Khmer Rouge

regime from the United Nations on the basis

Meanwhile, the Vietnamese-backed gov-

ernment in Phnom Penh Thursday dismissed

the Singapore summit of Cambodian resis-

tance leaders as a "new comedy", staged by

China and the United States. In its first

statement about the meeting, the Cambodian

news agency SPK said the participants --

Prince Norodom Sihanouk, Khieu Samphan

of its past record of atrocities.

Khmer Rouge they will opt for Vietnam."

adopted "if it is good."

role worthy of the prince."

Rajaratnam.

At Singapore conference

Cambodian leaders moot joint front

International



CAPTURED EQUIPMENT: South African soldiers walk past captured equipment in Angola recently. Visible in photo are a Soviet-made 122mm multiple rocket launcher mounted on a Soviet-made track. At left in foreground are anti-aircraft guns of unknown origin.

Appointment of managers

WARSAW, Sept. 3 (R) - Poland's ruling Communist Party Thursday approved a document on worker self-management which rejected calls by the Solidarity trade union to have total freedom to hire and fire their man-

The document was approved in a resolution of the party's central committee at the end of a two-day session held at the same time as a meeting of Solidarity leaders in Gdansk. The Solidarity leadership, preparing for the union's first national congress which as Saturday, yowed meanwhile to i legal means to break state monopoly of the mass media.

There were strikes in several parts of the country and a number of protest actions and, for the first time there were reports of farmers taking over state land. Although relations between the authorities and the mass labor movement remained strained, there was no sense of crisis nor sign of fear over the start Friday of big Soviet military in meuvers around Poland. Western defense sources in Warsaw did not link the maneuvers directly to developments in Poland.

The official news agency PAP reported that Soviet Army and Navy political chief, Gen. Alexei Yepishev, had left Poland at the end of a visit which was clearly designed to underline yet again the importance Moscow attaches to its political and military alliances with Poland. A PAP communique referred the two countries' "common and allied sec-

The government's chief union negotiator, Deputy Prime Minister Mieczyslaw Rakowski, told a news conference in Warsaw that he was confident moderates would emerge on top at the Solidarity congress. Describing Solidarity as a social movement, he acknowledged that there had been attempts to spawn a political party from the organization. But he said the union had to drop its radicals if it wanted to work within the system and said that open attacks on the authorities increased the dangers facing the country

Party leader Stanislaw Kania said in a closing speech to the central committee meeting that the Communists would not give up the fight to retain control over key managerial appointments. "The party will not give up its cader policy in the state institutions," Kania said. "This stems from the party's historical responsibility for the country's development and for its Socialist shape."

Kania repeated statements that the Communists were ready to use all means to defend their system. But he also pledged his continuing allegiance to the policy of peaceful dialogue.

Meanwhile, Solidarity, came under fierce attack in the Kremlin's official press Thursday. Solidarity was branded a counterrevolutionary organization bent on destroying communism and reinstating capitalism, in a strongly-worded commentary in the Soviet trade union daily Trud.

#### Mother charged with murder in Niagara episode

NIAGARA FALLS, Canada, Sept. 3 (AP) - The lawyer for a Lebanon-born woman charged with murder after her 2-month-old son was swept over horseshoe falls said Wednesday the baby was sickly and had been given only a 10 percent chance of survival.
Police arrested her after an investigation,

Lawrence Cohen said his client, Dunia Sayegh, 27, of Toronto, had been suffering enormous strain. '. He declined to elaborate reporters asked if the daby suffered birth defects. Mrs. Sayegh, charged with second-degree murder Tuesday, entered Niagara Falls provincial court for a hearing Wednesday with a towel over her head and later sat weeping in a front row, consoled by

At the hearing, Mrs. Sayegh was ordered kept in custody pending a Sept. 8 hearing before a superior court judge. Mrs. Sayegh had been standing next to a guard rail Saturday when the baby, Hesham, tumbled into the rushing Niagara River and was swept over the falls. She originally said she suffered a dizzy spell and accidentally dropped the baby into the water, police said.

Cohen appealed to the public for help. He said he believes many witnesses have not come forward and said the full story won't be known until they do.

"She was arrested after an exhaustive investigation," Donald Butts, spokesman for the Niagara regional police, said of Mrs. Sayegh,'s apprehension.

#### American held for threatening president

BALTIMORE, Maryland, Sept. 3 (Agencies) - An armed former mental patient was on "angel dust" when he was arrested on charges of threatening to kill U.S. President Ronald Reagan, his attorney says.

Isom Joseph Dean Jr., 24, of Sparks was

held Thursday without bail in the Baltimore city jail following his arrest early Wednesday by Baltimore county police. A federal magis-trate ordered Dean held for a psychiatric evaluation.

Dean allegedly told police who stopped him on an automobile complaint that the president "should have been shot a long time ago". Court records also quote him as saying he was planning "to kill President Ronald Reagan and a couple of police officers."

Authorities said they confiscated a loaded .22-caliber pistol, three rifles, a shotgun and some ammunition when they arrested Dean

Public defender Fred Bennett told U.S. Magistrate Paul Rosenberg that his client had been drinking and had taken the drug phen-cyclidine before his arrest. The drug, also called PCP or "angel dust," is an animal tran-quilizer. Bennett said Dean had been hospitalized several times for psychiatric disorders that dated to his teen-age years. Baltimore County police stopped Dean after receiving a complaint that he was driving his half sister's car without her permission.

Dean allegedly told a county police officer about 5 a.m. that "I should have shot him," according to an affidavit filed by in court by federal prosecutors.

The affidavit also states Dean told the special agent Wayne Paret, "Even if it takes me five years, I will get him." Baltimore County police charged Dean with theff of the weapons, as well as some jewelry and coing found in the car. Bennett said those items belonged to Dean's half sister, with whom he was living.

In Chicago, police arrested a man carrying a knife Wednesday shortly before President Reagan arrived to speak at a reception. Bystanders said secret service agents spotted the man with a knife in his belt in the lobby of the Palmer House Hotel. He told them he was an author and carried the knife to peel fruit. Security around President Reagan has been tightened since he was shot and seriously wounded in an assassination attempt outside a Washington hotel in March.

Another man was arrested in the hotel lobby Wednesday wearing buttons that read Shoot Bush First" - apparently referring to Vice President George Bush. Police said the man, Ronald Kollath, 20, of Chicago, was also charged with disorderly conduct Several hundred demonstrators protesting against cuts in social program and increased military spending jeered Reagan when arrived at the hotel after a month-long holiday in Califor-

#### Completes 60-year rule

#### Swaziland king reaches landmark

MBABANE, Sept. 3 (AFP) — Swaziland's King Sobhuza II will Friday become the first monarch since Britain's Queen Victoria to reign for 60 years. Foreign royalty and statesmen, including Britain's Prince Margaret, Egypt's President Anwar Sadat and Zambia's Kenneth Kaunda, are expected to take part in diamond jubilee festivities starting near here Friday.

The Ngwenyama, or lion, as he is affectionately known, is a devoted follower of traditional customs and takes part in many of Swaziland's ceremonial rituals, attired in traditional robes of animal skin and feather.

He prefers in any case to wear traditional dress, spending as much time as possible in the royal kraal (compound) and changing into modern dress only to fulfill his public duties at the official royal palace.

When he was only a few months old Ngwenyama was named official successor to his father, Ngwane V, who died in July 1899. King Sobuhza's grandmother acted as regent while he completed his education, at first with private schooling from a black South African teacher and later at Lovedale college in South

Africa's Cape Province. He acceded to the throne in 1921 and immediately began a campaign to free his country from Britain. Two years later he traveled to London to plead with King George V for the restitution of Swazi traditional band taken over by Brit-

ish colonials. Over 40 years later, as Swaziland prepared for independence, the king formed his own political party, the Imbokodvo or millstone, which forged an alliance with a white conservative movement known as the United Swaziland Association. In general elections in 1964 the two parties swept the polls in the legislative assembly, but soon after the king broke with the white

group, which was seen as being too close to the apartheid regime in Pretoria. In an electoral reform in 1967 - only a

year before independence - Imbokodvo arranged for the white parliamentary bloc to be dissolved, and in subsequent elections themonarch claimed all parliamentary seats for



From page one.

countries to help sell DC-10 jetliners. This brought to 101 the total of officially announced executions since the Rajai-Bahonar assassination. There have been more than 570 executions since the ouster of President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr 10 weeks

Tehran radio said Hojatoleslam Muhammad Gilani, head of revolutionary courts in Tehran's main Evin Prison, called on Ayatollah Khomeini Thursday.

The visit was apparently connected with an appeal from the Ayatolleh to judicial authorities not to over-react to the assassination of the president and former prime minister. Iranian authorities have threatened severe measures against dissidents following the assassination.

LOOKING GOOD: A San Diego, U.S., mother, 28, holds her si-month-old son as they celebrate a corneal transplant that allowed her to see her son for the first time.

#### Leftists claim attack on U.S. base

BONN, Sept. 3 (R) — West German police said Thursday they believed the extreme left-wing Red Army Faction was responsible for a bomb attack on U.S. and NATO Air Force headquarters in Europe last Monday in which 20 persons were injured. A letter signed by the Red Army Faction and claiming responsibility for the bombing at the U.S. Ramstein Air Force base was received by a West German news agency Wednesday.

The Federal Criminal Office in Wiesbaden said the letter was believed to be authentic. The Red Army Faction, also known as the Baader-Meinhof Group, carried out a string of bombings, murders and kidnappings in the 1970'5.

The Ramstein attack would be the first major act of violence carried out by the group since it kidnapped and murdered employers' leader Hanns Martin Schleyer in 1977. Officials at the federal public prosecutor's office in Karlsruhe said that recent incidents, including the Ramstein bombing, showed that left-wing extremists were active and cap-

bombing, the Wiesbaden criminal office said two bombs contained in gas cylinders exploded outside the U.S. and NATO headquarters. They were planted in a stolen car parked outside the buildings. A third bomb failed to go off.

The letter signed by the Red Army Faction described the Ramstein attack as part of the urban guerrilla group's war against U.S. "imperialism." It said the attack was carried out by the "Sigurd Debus Commando," a reference to a supporter of the Red Army Faction who died in a Hamburg jail last April after a 10-week hunger strike over prison conditions.

The Baader-Meinhof Group, founded by Andreas Baader and Ulrikeoiaof, hijacked a West German Lufthansa airliner to Mogadishu in 1977. Baader and two other members of the group were found dead in their cells after the hijackers, who had demanded their release, were overpowered by commandos. Meinhof had died in jail the previous year.

and Son Sann—"do not represent the Cambodian people." "To give weight to the conference, Peking able of mounting more attacks. In a press statement on the Ramstein

the Ulster Defense Regiment was seriously injured by a bullet Wednesday night at Castand Washington are making massive arms lewellan, in the southeast of the province, shipments to the executioners of the Pol Pot police sources said here Thursday. The 50-year-old man was struck by a single bullet as army who have taken refuge in Thailand ... " according to an official newspaper commentary transmitted by SPK, monitored in Banghe was getting into his car. The attack has not been claimed.